This provision of the Livestock Risk Protection policy offers protection against a decline in feeder cattle prices during the term of the endorsement. You will receive an indemnity if feeder cattle prices drop below a predetermined level and all terms and conditions of the policy have been met. Feeder cattle prices under this policy refer to a price series created and reported by the Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME). The length of each endorsement available for feeder cattle ranges from 13 to 52 weeks. This endorsement is specifically for steer, heifer, predominately Brahman, or predominately dairy feeder cattle that weigh less than 9.0 hundredweight.

Terms and Conditions

1. DEFINITIONS.

**Actual Ending Value–Feeder Cattle** - The weighted average price of feeder cattle as calculated by the CME for the Cash-Settled Commodity Index Prices, and reported as the CME Feeder Cattle Reported Index, multiplied by the Price Adjustment Factor specified in section 3 for the type of feeder cattle. The cash settled commodity index price report is available on the Internet at [www.cme.com/dta/hist/cash_settled_commodity_prices.html](http://www.cme.com/dta/hist/cash_settled_commodity_prices.html) or a successor site. Actual Ending Values are posted on the RMA website at [www.rma.usda.gov](http://www.rma.usda.gov). The Special Provisions should be checked for changes in the report name, number, or location. If the end date is a Saturday, Sunday, a non-report day due to a Federal holiday, or if there is no reported information for whatever reason, then the calculation will be based on the report day just prior to the end date.

**Insured Feeder Cattle** - The feeder cattle meeting the covered type and weight specifications of this endorsement, that the producer owns. The covered type and weight specifications are as follows:

(a) Steer feeder cattle; categorized in the two weight ranges of less than 6.0 cwt (for steers and bulls) and 6.0-9.0 cwt (steers only).

(b) Heifer feeder cattle; categorized in the two weight ranges of less than 6.0 cwt and 6.0-9.0 cwt.

(c) Predominately Brahman feeder cattle; categorized in the two weight ranges of less than 6.0 cwt (for heifers, steers and bulls) and 6.0-9.0 cwt (for heifers and steers).

(d) Predominately Dairy feeder cattle; categorized in the two weight ranges of less than 6.0 cwt (for heifers, steers and bulls) and 6.0-9.0 cwt (for heifers and steers).

**Predominately Brahman** - Feeder cattle that are characterized by buyers as Brahman when sold or marketed.

**Predominately Dairy** - Feeder cattle that are characterized by buyers as a dairy breed when sold or marketed.

**Target Weight** - The anticipated live weight of feeder cattle (per head) at the ending period on a cwt basis.

2. COVERAGE LIMITATIONS.

(a) Coverage under this endorsement is available for insured feeder cattle as defined in section 1.

(b) The maximum number of feeder cattle that may be insured under any one Specific Coverage Endorsement shall be 1,000 head, and during any crop year shall be 2,000 head.

3. PRICE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS.

The price adjustment factors for each type of feeder cattle and weight category are shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weight Range</th>
<th>Steers</th>
<th>Heifers</th>
<th>Predom. Brahman</th>
<th>Predom. Dairy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;6.0 cwt</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.0-9.0 cwt</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. PREMIUMS.

(a) Your total premium is determined by:

1. Multiplying the number of head by the target weight;
2. Multiplying paragraph (1) by the coverage price;
3. Multiplying the result of paragraph (2) by the insured share to determine the insured value;
4. Multiplying the result of paragraph (3) by the rate contained in the Rate Table published daily in the actuarial documents to determine the total premium;
5. Multiplying the result of paragraph(4) by the applicable producer subsidy percentage to calculate the appropriate amount of subsidy;
6. Subtracting the result from section 4(a)(5) from the result from section 4(a)(4) to determine the producer premium.

(b) Premium calculation example:

An operation has 100 head of heifer feeder cattle and expects to market the heifer feeder cattle at a target weight of 7.5 cwt each. The insured share is 100 percent. The expected ending value is $71.06 per live cwt and the producer selects a coverage price of $67.50 per live cwt. For this coverage price the rate is 1.3990%. The premium subsidy is 13 percent. The premium is calculated by:
(1) 100 head times 7.5 equals 750 cwt.
(2) 750 cwt times the coverage price of $67.50 equals $50,625.
(3) $50,625 times the insured share of 1.00 equals an insured value of $50,625.
(4) $50,625 times the rate of .013990 equals $708 total premium.
(5) $708 times the producer premium subsidy percentage of .13 equals $92.
(6) Subtracting $92 from $708 equals the producer premium of $616.

5. INDEMNITY.

(a) An indemnity is calculated and payable if the actual ending value is less than the coverage price (otherwise the indemnity is zero). The indemnity calculation is determined by:

(1) Multiplying the number of head by the target weight (in live cwt);
(2) Subtracting the actual ending value from the coverage price (this will always be a positive number if an indemnity is due);
(3) Multiplying the result of paragraph (1) by the result of paragraph (2);
(4) Multiplying the result of paragraph(3) by the insured share.

(b) Indemnity calculation example:

For the above operation with 100 head of heifer feeder cattle, a target weight of 7.5 cwt, an insured share of 100 percent, and a coverage price of $67.50 per live cwt, the actual ending value is equal to $63 per live cwt. Since $63 is less than the coverage price of $67.50, an indemnity is due. Indemnity is calculated by:

(1) 100 head times the 7.5 cwt target weight equals 750 cwt.
(2) Subtracting the actual ending value of $63 from the coverage price of $67.50 equals $4.5/cwt.
(3) Multiplying 750 cwt. by $4.5/cwt. equals $3,375.
(4) Multiplying $3,375 by the insured share of 1.00 equals an indemnity payment of $3,375.