United States Department of Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation



Risk Management Agency



Product Administration and Standards Division

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FLORIDA CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

2013 and Succeeding Crop Years

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

TITLE: FLORIDA CITRUS FRUIT LOSS	NUMBER: 25140 (01-2012)
ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS	
HANDBOOK	
EFFECTIVE DATE: 2013 and Succeeding	ISSUE DATE: January 30, 2012
Crop Years	
SUBJECT:	OPI: Product Administration and Standards
	Division
Florida Citrus Fruit loss adjustment	APPROVED: January 30, 2012
standards for 2013 and succeeding crop	
years	/s/ Tim B. Witt
	Deputy Administrator for Product Management

REASON FOR AMENDMENT:

Major Changes: Refer to changes or additions in text that have been highlighted. Three stars (***) identify the location where information has been removed from the handbook.

- 1 Throughout the amended pages, made changes to correct spelling, punctuation and formatting.
- 2 Incorporated the most recent FCIC loss adjustment standards handbook language, as applicable.
- 3 Revised section 4 D (3), to clarify appraisals will be completed during preliminary inspections when determining if freeze damaged fruit will be released for other uses. In section 4 E, inserted procedures for fruit on the ground that will be harvested must be counted as fruit produced when determining production to count. In section 4 F, inserted a reference to the Florida Citrus Code.
- 4 In section 5 B (2) (b), inserted instructions to document why the average production history method was used and how potential production was determined prior to damage occurring and in (c) removed the same language and replaced it with a reference to (b) with instructions to use the same documentation requirements in (b). In section 5 C (3), clarified this section applies to freeze damage and deleted the words "from processing records" because the sentence was only intended to address when on tree fruit estimates must be made.
- 5 In section 5 D (1) and (2), made minor language clarifications. In section 5 D (4), clarified the language and inserted additional handbook references.
- 6 In section 5 D (5), rewrote the section to clarify when to use the mechanical separation method and the freeze damage appraisal methods. Clarified procedures to inform AIPs that if the packer provides acceptable documentation indicating rejected fruit was damaged by insurable causes, such rejected fruit will not be counted as fresh fruit production; otherwise, all rejected fruit must be counted as fresh fruit production.

FLORIDA CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

REASON FOR AMENDMENT (Cont.)

- In section 5 D (6), rewrote the section to clarify that after freeze damage occurs and before any insured fresh fruit exhibiting serious freeze damage is released for another use, AIPs are to conduct Freeze Damage Fresh Fruit Cut appraisals to determine if serious freeze damage affects 16 percent or more of the fruit. If freeze damage is less than 16 percent, the fruit will be considered undamaged fresh fruit production. If the fresh fruit are harvested for juice prior to the AIP conducting freeze damage appraisals, the fruit will be considered undamaged fresh fruit. If 16 percent or more of the fresh fruit are damaged by freeze, samples of fresh fruit may be either submitted for juice testing to determine if the juice loss exceeds 50 percent or appraised for juice loss using the Freeze Damage Dryness Cut appraisal method. Clarified the column titles in the table within this section.
- 8 In section 5 D (7), clarified the Freeze Damage Dryness Cut appraisal method does not apply to tangerines. Clarified how fruit sample cuts are performed when completing freeze damage appraisals. Also clarified the column titles in the table within this section.
- 9 In section 5 E, removed references to citrus fruit VI and the word "Floatation" because the floatation method of fruit separation is no longer used by packers. Inserted instructions to treat fresh fruit culls that are damaged by uninsured causes as undamaged production.
- 10 In section 7 C, section II, form completion instructions for items 31, and 33 inserted citrus fruit VIII and added section references. For item 35, removed references to "Floatation."
- 11 In section 7 C, section IV, form completion instructions for item 64, added instructions to add the entry in item 63, when present, to the entry in item 62 and enter the result in item 64. For item 67, corrected the item title to read "Adjusted Percent Damage" in place of "Adjusted Percent Potential to Count" and made the same change on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet form Examples 1-5.
- 12 In section 7 E, clarified the purpose of the Florida Citrus Juice Certificate and for item 15 of the form completion instructions, corrected the fruit sample size from 25 to 30 pounds.
- 13 In section 10 C, form completion instructions for column 34, inserted instructions to line out the word "Production" in the item heading and insert "Indemnity." Added a reference to section 15 (j) of the Basic Provisions and clarified the entry is the gross dollar amount of indemnity prior to quality applying. For item 36, made the same item heading change, inserted if section 15 (j) of the Basic Provisions applies to multiply the entry in column 34 by column 35 and clarified the entry is the gross dollar amount of indemnity after quality is applied. The same language was removed from item 38 instructions. For item 38, inserted instructions to line out the words "to Count" and replace with the word "Indemnity" and clarified item 38 entries represent the gross dollar amount of indemnity for the line. Also made the same heading changes on the example Production Worksheet form. For item 70, clarified this entry represents the gross dollar amount of indemnity for the unit.

FLORIDA CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

CONTROL CHART FOR: FLORIDA CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK														
	SC Page(s)	TC Page(s)	Text Page(s)	Reference Material	Date	Directive Number								
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			11-16		3-2011	FCIC-25140								
			23-24		3-2011	FCIC-25140								
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			29-38		1-2012	FCIC-25140-1								
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REASON FOR AMENDMENT (Cont.)

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REASON FOR AMENDMENT (Cont.)

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- (e) extent to which the amount of harvested fruit varies over the grove or sub-grove.
- (f) select sample trees from representative rows within the grove. Split the grove into blocks (or sub-groves), as needed, select separate samples when there are significant differences in tree age and/or damage within the grove or when the insured intends to destroy part of the grove and appraise the blocks (or sub-groves) separately. Refer to TABLE A (Minimum Representative Sample Requirements) and select not less than the minimum number of representative sample trees for each grove or sub-grove being appraised.
- (2) Use separate sub-grove numbers where part of the grove was harvested:
- (3) Prepare a sketch map on a Special Report to record the location(s) involved, indicating any significant production variations between groves or sub-groves.

C. <u>SELECTING RANDOM FRUIT SAMPLES</u>

- (1) A fruit sample must be representative of ALL THE FRUIT IN THE GROVE OR SUB-GROVE and taken from all areas of the tree canopy; the top, middle, bottom, inside and outer edge (refer to subsection 5.C. below for additional sampling methods using tree quadrants). Include marketable and unmarketable fruit in proportion to their presence on each sample tree.
- Never select less than 20 fruit per sample tree (e.g., 20 fruit X 5 sample trees = 100 fruit) as a basis for establishing the percent of damage for a grove or sub-grove (refer to TABLE A). If damage varies within a grove or sub-grove, select a sufficient number of sample trees and fruit per sample tree to be representative of the damage.
- (3) For juice test house samples, each sample (weigh at least 30 pounds) must contain a minimum of 100 fruit. Submit separate samples for testing by citrus crop, type, unit, and by grove or sub-grove, as applicable.

D. PRELIMINARY INSPECTIONS

- (1) If a notice of damage or loss is received BEFORE it is possible to accurately assess crop damage, make inspections as directed by the AIP to verify the cause and relative severity of the damage.
 - (a) Prepare a Special Report to record inspection results to document there was an inspection; insured and uninsured causes of damage; and any loss of potential production.
 - (b) Advise the insured that if further damage occurs, or if a claim will be filed, the insured must give another notice of damage.
- (2) When notices of damage or loss are received AFTER it is possible to accurately assess the amount of damage or appraise the production, make inspections as soon as possible. Record the results of such inspections on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet, accounting for undamaged production and production damaged by insured and uninsured causes.

(3) A notice of damage should be filed for citrus fruit IV Tangerines, V, VII, and VIII that are damaged by freeze, serious hail or wind from a hurricane, tornado or other excess wind storms when the fruit will be harvested for juice or an alternate use. Prior to releasing the crop for juice or an alternate use, the adjuster must complete a crop appraisal and preliminary inspection. The adjuster must verify the cause of loss, date of damage, and that the fruit will not meet the standards for packing as fresh fruit. Appraise the amount of damage by using the Fresh Fruit Cut appraisal method for freeze damage and the Wind-scar appraisal method for hail/wind damage. Insured fresh fruit damaged by insured causes that meet the fresh fruit packing standards, will be counted as undamaged fresh production.

E. GROUND COUNT INSPECTIONS

Ground-count inspections are inspections used to determine the average number of fruit per tree that fell to the ground due to insured causes. Ground counts of fallen fruit can also be part of a regular preliminary inspection or a final inspection, depending on when the damage occurred relative to fruit maturity and the cause of loss. Fruit ground counts in conjunction with on-tree fruit counts must be made to document fruit set on the trees relative to production to be counted for fresh market or juice and to determine the number of unharvested marketable fruit. Any insured fresh fruit on the ground that will be harvested must be counted as fresh fruit production less any fruit damaged by insured causes that will not pack as fresh fruit.

F. <u>DECAYED AND UNWHOLESOME FRUIT - CITRUS JUICE SAMPLE</u>

If citrus fruit delivered for juice is rejected due to excess decay (greater than 10%) and/or unwholesome fruit (greater than 2%) in a load (refer to Florida Citrus Code Chapter 601.53, 2010 Florida Statutes), to avoid counting an entire load as lost production, the adjuster must:

- (1) determine the Total % Decayed Fruit and % Unwholesome/Immature Fruit identified in item 24 on the Florida Citrus Juice Test Certificate (refer to section 7 E) or from a Regrading Certificate issued by the inspector who regarded the fruit.
- (2) enter the Total % Damaged Fruit (% decay and unwholesome/immature fruit value) in column 49 on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet for use in calculating the percent damage. If both certificates identified in (1) above are provided for a single fruit load, use the higher of Total % Damaged Fruit from one of the certificate records for entry on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet.

G. MIXED PROCESSING OF CITRUS CROPS FOR JUICE

When the insured reports mixed processing of damaged fruit of one citrus crop/type (e.g., Citrus I mixed with Citrus II and sold for juice) with citrus fruit of another citrus crop/type, the loss is adjusted as follows:

 each citrus crop/type must be identified by grove location, unit number and insured's share, and be reported on either separate lines on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet, or on separate worksheets when the CP identify that a citrus crop includes more than one citrus type. When more than one citrus crop is mixed together for juice processing the results must be reported on separate Adjuster's Citrus Worksheets by crop.

- (b) Second, if a previous inspection was NOT completed, use not less than the insured's average production history determined from verifiable production records of fruit harvested and marketed (including any applicable crop insurance claims or appraisals) for each of the three most recent crop year's, to establish an average potential boxes produced per tree prior to the damage occurring. Document on a Special Report why this method was used, how the potential production prior to damage occurring was determined and attach this Special Report to the Production Worksheet; or
- (c) Last, only if the methods described in (a) and (b) above cannot be used, establish the potential production using the verifiable production records from similar groves in the area taking into account such information as the size, age, condition and number of producing trees in the insured grove or sub-grove before the damage occurred (for this section, complete the same documentation requirements listed in (b) above).
- (3) Do not include any ground count fruit production that will be picked up at harvest. Ground count fruit that will be picked up at harvest will be considered the same as undamaged on-tree fruit. A post-harvest ground count must be made, regardless of the cause of loss, if damage occurred near harvest and it appears likely that some or all of the fruit on the ground may be picked up.
- (4) Occurrence of hurricanes, tornados, or excess wind must be confirmed through the U. S. National Weather Service (NWS) or the Florida Automated Weather Network (FAWN) stations operating nearest the grove at the time of damage. Document the information on a Special Report and attach the report to the Production Worksheet.
- (5) Fruit remaining on the tree that is damaged by hail near harvest time to the extent that it would be expected to fall to the ground at a later date, will be counted as ground fruit after it actually falls. Severely hail-damaged citrus fruit will usually fall to the ground within two to three weeks of the hail storm. Defer ground counts until an accurate determination can be made.

C. TREE FRUIT COUNT METHOD

- (1) An estimate of the amount of on-tree fruit determined from a representative sample of trees (refer to **TABLE A** for the minimum number of sample trees) must be made on most inspections. For large trees, divide the tree into quadrants and determine the amount of on-tree fruit on one quadrant and multiply by 4 to determine the amount of fruit on the entire tree. Separately determine the number of fruit damaged or lost due to uninsured causes.
- (2) On-tree fruit estimates are NOT REQUIRED on "post-harvest ground count" inspections and inspections where hurricane or tornado is the cause of loss. On tree fruit counts are REQUIRED with "ground count" inspections (refer to section 4 E) when determining total fruit produced or the number of unharvested marketable fruit remaining.
- (3) An on-tree fruit estimate MUST be made to verify insurable freeze damage to fresh fruit
 *** when a juice-loss determination will be calculated.
 - (4) On-tree fruit estimates are required when damage occurs and fruit will not be harvested.

D. FREEZE-DAMAGE METHOD

- (1) Any juice fruit of Citrus I, II, III and VI damaged by freeze that can be processed into products for human consumption will be considered marketable for juice. Delay freeze damage appraisals until after the 7th day following the date of the freeze. Fruit adjusted for freeze-damage cannot also be adjusted for hail or wind-scar damage. Separately determine any damage due to uninsured causes.
 - (a) Records for harvested juice fruit will be obtained from processing-plant records or inspection certificates. If juice fruit will remain unharvested, fruit samples must be submitted for test house analysis to determine the average pounds of juice per box (refer to subsection 4 C (3) above, for required number of fruit per sample).
 - <u>1</u> If a juice loss has been confirmed on juice fruit and records of production and juice content have been requested, complete a Special Report to document the request for juice loss determination and what was found. A standard statement may be used on the Special Report such as:

"On _____ (date), I visited the referenced grove and examined _____ (#) fruit on the tree. Of the fruit examined, _____ (#) show juice loss evidenced by dryness in internal segments. Records of production and juice content have been requested so that the amount of juice loss can be determined from test house analysis." "The estimated average production is _____ boxes per tree."

- 2 If individual load certificates **HAVE NOT** been summarized by processing plant(s) or one or more processing plants received fruit for any crop year, use a "Tabulation of Production Records From Individual Load Certificates" to summarize the juice-per-weight-box records (refer to section 8, below).
- <u>3</u> If the individual load certificates have been summarized (averaged), use a "Florida Citrus Summary of Production Worksheet" to record the juice-perweight-box records (refer to section 9, below).
- (2) Citrus fruit shall be considered "**damaged**" by freeze when freeze causes internal:
 - (a) marked dryness to extend into the segments of oranges and grapefruit more than 1/4 inch but less than 1/2 inch at the stem end; or into segments of mandarin or hybrid varieties more than 1/8 inch but less than 1/4 inch at the stem end; or more than an equivalent amount by volume of dryness to occur in any portions of the fruit.
 - (b) freeze-related injury, as defined by subsection (3) of the Florida Citrus Code, when such condition or combination of conditions is determined to affect the fruit to a degree equal in seriousness to that described in paragraph (1) (a) of the Florida Citrus Code (refer to (3) within this subsection).
- (3) Fresh fruit Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII with "**serious**" freeze damage, the number of fruit in the sample that are unmarketable as fresh fruit, are to be evaluated by MECHANICAL SEPARATION or the FRESH FRUIT CUT METHOD OF APPRAISAL.
 - (a) The following language, in *italics*, is from the 2000 Florida Statutes; Title XXXV Agriculture, Horticulture, and Animal Industry; Florida Citrus Code Chapter 601;
 "601.89 Citrus fruit; when damaged by freezing –

- (1) Citrus fruit will be deemed "seriously" damaged by freezing when such freezing causes:
 - (a) Marked dryness to extend into the segments of oranges and grapefruit more than 1/2 inch at the stem end; or into segments of mandarin or hybrid varieties more than 1/4 inch at the stem end; or more than an equivalent amount by volume of dryness to occur in any other portions of the fruit.
 - (b) Internal freeze-related injury, as defined in subsection (3) [of the Florida Citrus Code], when such condition or combination of conditions is determined to affect the fruit to a degree equal in seriousness to that described in paragraph (a)" [refer to Florida Citrus Code (1) (a) above].
- (4) "Internal freeze-related injury" to citrus fruit shall consist of any of the following:
 - (a) wet cores or wet segment walls;
 - (b) water soaking;
 - (c) juice cell breakdown;
 - (d) mushy condition;
 - (e) honeycomb or open spaces in the pulp; or
 - (f) other evidence of internal breakdown, decay or moldy condition.
- The conditions described in 5 D (3) (a) (1) (a) and (b), above, are taken from the Florida
 *** Citrus Code and are causes for consideration as "serious" damage in the interim period between the 8th day after the freeze and the time that the drying process develops. Evidence of internal freeze damage that did not progress to dryness, as described in 5 D (3) above, will not be considered as "serious" damage. Where internal dryness is found in fruit without other evidence of freeze injury, the fruit will be considered NOT damaged due to freeze. Dryness is not necessarily the result of freeze damage.

(5) **FREEZE DAMAGE - MECHANICAL SEPARATION** (Fresh fruit Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII):

If freeze-damaged fresh fruit is delivered to a packer or processor and the unit's production is mechanically separated into undamaged and freeze-damaged fruit, use the packer/processor's records in place of previously completed fresh fruit cut and freeze damage dryness cut appraisals determined under 5 D (6) below. If the packer provides acceptable documentation indicating rejected/culled fruit was damaged by insurable causes, such rejected or culled fruit will not be counted as fresh production. Otherwise, if prior appraisals that identify the reason(s) for and percent of culls are not available all culled fruit must be counted as fresh production. Use the packer's records of the gross quantity of delivered fresh fruit and the quantity of freeze-damaged fruit when determining the percent of damage not to exceed amounts stated below for:

- (a) tangerines, percent of damage will be determined by the actual percent of damaged fruit; and
- (b) other than tangerines, the percent of damage will be determined by the percent of damaged fruit, not to exceed 50 percent.

If the fruit will not be mechanically separated into undamaged and freeze-damaged fruit, complete the claim using the appraised percent of damage determined in 5 D (6) below.

(6) **FREEZE DAMAGE - FRESH-FRUIT CUT** (Fresh fruit Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII):

After freeze occurs and before any insured fresh fruit exhibiting "serious" freeze damage is released for juice or an alternate use, conduct Freeze Damage – Fresh-Fruit Cut appraisals (and when

applicable, Freeze Damage – Dryness Cut appraisals) on representative sample fruit. This appraisal is required before insured fresh fruit can be released for harvest as juice. Also use this section to determine the percent of freeze damage if the buyer will not separate undamaged and freeze damaged fruit. Insured fresh fruit marketed as juice prior to the AIP conducting freeze damage appraisals and providing written consent to go to an alternate use, will be considered undamaged fresh fruit.

- (a) Determine the number of unharvested freeze-damaged fruit considered to have "serious" freeze damage and divide by the number of fruit in the sample (refer to 4 C above for minimum sample size). This result equals the calculated percent of production considered to have "serious" freeze damage, not to exceed 50 percent (for Citrus IV tangerines the 50 percent limitation does not apply), EXCEPT FOR:
 - (1) grapefruit (Citrus VII), Navel oranges (VIII), Tangelos (IV), Temple oranges and Murcott Honey oranges (V) that will not be harvested; if the calculated percent of damage is 16.0 percent or more, the percent of damage will equal not less than 50 percent (refer to 5 D (6) (b)). If less than 16 percent of the fruit are seriously freeze damaged, the fruit will be considered undamaged fresh fruit.
 - (2) tangerines (Citrus IV) that will not be harvested, if the calculated percent of damage is 16.0 percent or more, the percent of damage will be the larger of 50 percent or the actual percent of damage. If less than 16 percent of the fruit are seriously freeze damaged, the fruit will be considered undamaged fresh fruit.

Document on a Special Report how the percent of freeze damage was calculated for fresh fruit marketed as fresh or juice. Refer to the Table below:

Unmarketable Fresh Fruit (Citrus Fruit Crop/Types IV, V, VII, & VIII except as noted below)	<mark>Fresh-Fruit Cut</mark> Calculated Percent Damage	Percent Damage
	Less than 16%	None
IV (0248) (except Tangerines), V (0249), VII (0251), & VIII (0252)	16% or more	50%
	Less than 16%	None
IV (0248) Tangerines (Type 043)	16% or more	50% or actual % if the damage exceeds 50%

(b) For Citrus IV (except for tangerines), V,VII, VIII, if the Fresh-Fruit Cut appraisal indicates freeze damage is 16 percent or more, conduct additional appraisals using 5 D (7) below to determine the percent of juice loss. Samples may be submitted for juice testing to determine if the juice loss exceeds 50 percent and if juice loss exceeds 50 percent, the actual percent juice loss from the juice test will be the percent of damage; otherwise, the results of the appraisal using 5 D (7) below will be used.

(7) **FREEZE DAMAGE - DRYNESS CUT** (Not applicable to Tangerines):

<mark>***</mark>

(a) Determine fruit dryness only when making a final determination of juice loss on unharvested Citrus IV (except Tangerines), V, VII and VIII crops when 16% or more of the fruit in a sample shows "serious" freeze damage using the Freeze Damage – Fresh-Fruit Cut appraisal method in D (6) above. If the juice loss from the Dryness Cut sample does not exceed 50%, then 50% will be the percent of damage for the sample as specified in the instructions for the Fresh-Fruit Cut. An appropriate quantity of sample fruit qualifying for Dryness Cut evaluation may be taken to a processor for juice testing in place of performing the following Dryness Cut procedure and used in Section III of the Adjuster's Worksheet to calculate juice loss for fresh fruit.

(b) Using a sharp, thin-bladed knife, make separate cuts of sample fruit (as outlined in *ii*, *iii*, and *iv* below) slicing across all fruit segments, with each slice cut progressing downward from stem end to blossom end. When ALL the segments of a fruit ARE NOT dry beyond a cut made at one-fourth of the distance from the stem end to the blossom end (or the equivalent of this amount by volume, when occurring in other portions of the fruit), the fruit will be considered to have sustained **no damage** from freeze. The following is from Chapter 601 of the Florida Citrus Code and is based on a visual evaluation of each cut fruit:

"Where there is juice loss of less than 16 percent, the fruit will be considered undamaged."

- *ii* When all the segments of a fruit are dry beyond the one-fourth cut but not beyond a center cut (or the equivalent of this amount by volume, when occurring in other portions of the fruit), the fruit will be considered **40 percent damaged**. "If 16 percent but less than 50 percent juice loss in a fruit, the fruit shall be considered as **40 percent damaged**."
- *When all the segments of a fruit are dry beyond the center cut but not beyond a cut made at two-thirds of the distance from the stem end to the blossom end (or the equivalent of this amount by volume, when occurring in other portions of the fruit), the fruit will be considered* **70 percent damaged**.

"Where there is as much as 50 percent but less than 75 percent juice loss in a fruit, the fruit shall be considered as **70 percent damaged**."

iv When all the segments of a fruit are dry beyond the two-thirds cut (or the equivalent of this amount by volume, when occurring in other portions of the fruit), the fruit will be considered totally lost (**100 percent damaged**). "Where there is 75 percent or more juice loss in a fruit, the fruit shall be considered totally lost or **100 percent damaged**."

Dryness Cut Juice Loss Determination for Individually Sampled Fresh Fruit (Not Applicable to Tangerines)												
Percent Juice <mark>Loss</mark> Per Fruit	<mark>Net</mark> Percent Damage Per Fruit											
0 - 15.99	NONE											
16 - 49.99	40											
50 - 74.99	70											
75 – 100	100											

Document on a Special Report how the percent of damage per fruit was determined.

E. FRESH-FRUIT HAIL/WIND-SCAR DAMAGE METHOD

- *** Fresh Fruit Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII with wind-scar damage resulting from a hurricane, tornado, or excess wind will be adjusted using the Fresh-Fruit Wind-Scar Damage Method. Any fresh fruit culls that are damaged by uninsured causes are considered undamaged production.
 - (1) Citrus fruit with wind-scar damage or serious hail-scar damage will usually fall to the ground within two or three weeks of the hail/wind storm. Wait AT LEAST TWO TO THREE WEEKS before making the loss determination, if possible. When the damage occurs near the normal harvesting

period and, after the storm, the insured plans to immediately harvest the crop, it may be necessary to make the loss determination before the two to three week waiting period has elapsed. Separately determine any damage due to uninsured causes.

- (2) If the insured harvests the damaged crop as fresh fruit, use packing records in lieu of the Hail or Wind-Scar Damage Methods to determine production to count.
- (3) Fruit qualifying for adjustment for freeze damage cannot also be adjusted for hail-scar and/or wind-scar damage. Also, the same fruit cannot be adjusted for both hail-scar and wind-scar damage.
- (4) For either the Hail-Scar or Wind-Scar Methods, collect and examine a random sample of not less than 20 tree fruit from each representative sample tree (refer to **TABLE A** for the minimum number of sample trees). Grade the sample by separating out the damaged fruit that is unmarketable as FRESH FRUIT. If there is variability in fruit damage within the grove, divide into sub-groves and appraise each separately; or use a larger number of trees and fruit for each sample to assure an accurate percent damage determination.
 - (a) For seriously hail-scarred:
 - <u>1</u> Citrus IV Tangerines; separate out fruit that are not well-healed, or with damage aggregating more than a circle 3/8-inch in diameter on a 210-pack size tangerine.
 - <u>2</u> Citrus IV Tangelos, Citrus V Murcott Honey oranges (Honey Tangerines) and Temple oranges, Citrus VII Late Oranges (Valencia), and Citrus VIII Navel oranges; separate out fruit that are not well-healed, or with damage aggregating more than a circle 1/2-inch in diameter on a 200-size orange.
 - <u>3</u> Citrus VII grapefruit; separate out fruit that are not well-healed, or with damage aggregating more than a circle 5/8-inch in diameter on a 70-size grapefruit.
 - (b) For wind-scarred Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII, separate out fruit that exhibits wind induced scars, scratches and punctures as defined under the U. S. Standards for Grades of Florida citrus for the categories of "Damage," "Serious Damage" and "Very Serious Damage." Fruit with such damage are generally not marketable as fresh fruit and will be considered 100% damaged.
- (5) Percent of damage is the percent of the sample graded as damaged out of the original sample. Document on a Special Report the calculations used to determine the percent of damage.

EXAMPLE: Assume a hurricane caused both hail-scar and wind-scar damage to a 9.8 acre Navel Orange grove.

From a random sample of 100 fruit 200-size Navel Oranges selected from 5 representative sample trees, 22 oranges had serious hail-scar damage and 10 oranges had wind-scar damage. Each fruit was adjusted for only one cause of damage.

22 qualifying hail-scar damaged oranges \div 100 fruit sample = 22.0 percent hail-scar damage. 10 qualifying wind-scar damaged oranges \div 100 fruit sample = 10.0 percent wind-scar damage.

(6) If any hail/wind-scarred fruit is later marketed as fresh fruit, hail/wind-scar damage determinations will be disregarded and the citrus must be counted as marketable fresh fruit.

- b. one hundred (100) percent damaged by serious freeze damage, determined by DRYNESS CUT (refer to section 5 D (7)) on Citrus IV, Citrus V and Citrus VII;
- c. lost by hail/wind-scar damage on Citrus IV, Citrus V, Citrus VII and Citrus VIII that are unmarketable as fresh fruit; or
- d. lost or partially damaged due to uninsured causes. Document on a Special Report how the percent of damage due to uninsured causes was determined.
- 31. **No. at 70%:** For hurricane, tornado and excess wind, if the trees are not harvested, enter "trees not harvested" in items 31 33. For freeze damage on Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII, enter the number of fruit considered 70 percent damaged by DRYNESS CUT (refer to section 5 D (7)). MAKE NO ENTRY for damage due to hail/wind-scar damage or uninsured causes. Refer to instructions in items 28 and 30.
- 32. **Col. 31 X 0.7:** Item 31 multiplied by 0.7, rounded to tenths. MAKE NO ENTRY for damage due to hail/wind-scar damage or uninsured causes. Refer to instructions in items 28 and 30.
- 33. **No. at 40%:** For serious freeze damage on Citrus IV, V, VII and VIII, the number of fruit considered 40 percent damaged by DRYNESS CUT (refer to section 5 D (7)). MAKE NO ENTRY for damage due to hail/wind-scar damage or uninsured causes. Refer to instructions in items 28 and 30.
- 34. **Col. 33 X 0.4:** Item 33 multiplied by 0.4, rounded to tenths.
- 35. **% Damage:** Attach documentation to the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet that supports subparagraph "35. a. (1)" determinations and also document on a Special Report how determinations in "35. a. (2) (3)," below, were determined.
 - a. Percent of damage for fresh fruit NOT MARKETED, determined by:
- <mark>***</mark>
- (1) **MECHANICAL SEPARATION:** Refer to subsection 5 D (5) above. Divide the result determined below by 100 and round to threes decimals for:
 - (a) other than tangerines, the percent of damaged fruit, not to exceed 50 percent.
 - (b) Tangerines, the percent of damaged fruit.
- (2) **FRESH-FRUIT CUT:** Refer to subsection 5 D (6) above. For Tangerines (of Citrus IV), if the percent of sample damage is 16.0 percent or more, enter the GREATER of "50.0" percent or the actual percent of damage divided by 100, rounded three decimals.
- (3) **DRYNESS CUT:** Refer to subsection 5 D (7), above. The sum of the number of fruit at 100% (item 30), the result of item 32 (item 31 X .7), and the result of item 34 (item 33 X .4), divided by item 29; round the result to three decimals.

- (4) **HAIL/WIND-SCAR:** Refer to subsection 5E, above. The number of fruit at 100% (item 30), divided by number (fruit) in the sample (item 29); round the result to three decimals.
- b. Enter "0.0" Percent Damage for fresh fruit MARKETED as fresh fruit. Record production on a separate line in Section IV.
- c. For uninsured damage, item $30 \div$ item 29. This result represents the percent of fruit in the sample damaged by uninsured causes, rounded to three decimals.
- 36. **Boxes Produced:** Multiply item 26 by item 27, round result in boxes to tenths. For FRESH-FRUIT CUT, any harvested production will be determined from marketing records. If uninsured causes of loss apply or if a hail and fire exclusion is in effect and a hail or fire loss occurs, circle the entry and do NOT transfer the entry to item 37. It due to insured causes, any production is ordered to be destroyed by a Federal or State agency, enter the number of boxes produced (refer to item 21 above and item 37 for more information).
- 37. Boxes Lost: Multiply item 35 by item 36. Record the result in boxes to tenths. If the result is "zero," make NO ENTRY. For hurricane/tornado losses, when past average annual harvest records are used and all production has been lost, transfer the entry in item 36. If insured production is destroyed by order of a Federal or State agency, transfer the entry in item 36 as Boxes Lost. Make NO ENTRY for uninsured causes of loss.
- 38. **Total:** Total of all lines for No. of Trees (item 26).
- 39. **Totals:** Separate totals for columns 36 and 37, in boxes to tenths. Column 37 entry must not exceed the column 36 entry.

SECTION III - FRUIT PRODUCTION AND LOSS BASED ON DATA FROM TEST HOUSE JUICE ANALYSIS

Complete this section for all fruit marketed for juice.

- 40. **Grove ID:** Grove or sub-grove identification symbol (or applicable CLU identifier) for the area for which production is being reported.
- 41. **Wt. Boxes Harvested for Juice:** Number of weight boxes of marketable and harvested juice fruit for the grove or sub-grove. Include marketable fruit that cannot be picked in a timely manner and marketable fruit remaining after the end of the insurance period. A representative sample of remaining marketable fruit must be taken to a processor to establish the juice content.

MAKE NO ENTRY if juice fruit is to remain unharvested (not weighed) production. In item 51, enter an estimate of the number of boxes of fruit produced, calculated by multiplying Section II, number of trees in item 26 by the estimated number of boxes per tree in item 27. Use test house analysis to calculate percent of damage (item 50) and, ultimately, boxes lost (item 52).

62. **Subtotals:** Add column "Totals" for items 24, 39, 54 for the respective entries in columns 58 and 59, in boxes to tenths. If multiple pages are used, also complete this entry on the LAST PAGE.

If more than one Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet is prepared for a citrus fruit type on a unit, complete applicable totals on each page for items 24, 39, 54; column 58 for items 55 through 57, and items 60 through 62. ON THE LAST PAGE, enter in item 62 the total Boxes Produced and the total Boxes Lost from all Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet pages FOR THE FRUIT TYPE. Leave items 63 through 70 BLANK on each of the previous pages. Complete the following entries ON THE LAST PAGE.

- 63. **Box Increase to Meet Minimum Boxes Per Acre:** When applicable, enter the number of boxes to tenths required to meet the minimum potential production for the unit. Determine by:
 - a. multiplying the total Number of Acres (item 10) for the citrus crop/type by 100 boxes per acre;
 - b. subtracting from the result in "a." above, the sum of Boxes Produced from item 62 (for column 58) from all Adjusters' Citrus Worksheets for the unit, citrus crop/type; and
 - c. recording the difference, to tenths. If the minimum for the citrus fruit type has been met or exceeded, MAKE NO ENTRY. When separate Adjuster's Citrus Worksheets have been prepared because of differing citrus fruit types/subtypes within the unit, calculate and enter the Box Increase to meet the minimum for the acreage of the deficient citrus crop/type/subtype in item 62 OF THE LAST PAGE of the Appraisal Worksheets for the citrus crop/type.
- 64. **Total Boxes Produced:** Insert the result of adding item 63 to item 62 from column 58 (on the last page), rounded to whole boxes. If no entry in item 63 transfer the entry in item 62.
- 65. **Percent Boxes Lost:** Divide the entry in item 62 for column 59 (on the last page) by the entry in item 64, round result to the nearest three decimals.
- 66. **Adjusted Percent Loss:** Subtract item 60 from item 65, enter the result to three decimals. If the result is negative, no indemnity is due.
- 67. **Adjusted Percent Damage:** If the result of item 66 is a positive number, divide entry in item 66 by the coverage level percent (expressed to three decimals) shown on the Summary of Coverage. Round the result to the three decimals (e.g., $.424 \div .750$ coverage level = .565). Transfer this entry to item 31 of the Production Worksheet. If the result of item 66 is a negative number, MAKE NO ENTRY and no indemnity is due.
- 68 **Dollar Amount of Insurance Per Acre:** Enter the dollar amount of insurance per acre taken from the Summary of Coverage in whole dollars. Transfer this entry to Item 33 of the Production Worksheet.

The following required entries are not illustrated on the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet example below.

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- 69. **Insured's Signature & Date:** Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining the signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, (or insured's authorized representative) particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood. Multiple fruit inspections documented on the same Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet will require multiple signatures in items 69 and 70.
- 70. Adjuster's Signature(s), Code No., & Date(s): Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Remarks/Narrative section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the Production Worksheet.

71. **Page Numbers:**

PRELIMINARY: Page numbers – "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.

FINAL: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

EXAMPLE 1 (COMPANY NAME)

ADJUSTER'S CITRUS WORKSHEET

			(For]	<u>Illustrati</u> on	Purposes Only	<u>y – Illu</u> s	<u>trates F</u> re	<u>eze D</u> a	<u>imag</u> e	<u>to Juic</u> e	<u>Fruit wit</u>	t <u>h Un</u> i	<u>insured</u>	<u>Dar</u>	nage)		
1 Insured's N				2 Policy No			4 Unit			5 Cro	L		6 T	ype:		7 Practice:	
	I. M. Insured			XXXXX		XXXXX		001-000			Citrus I				011		997
8 Intended Us	se:	9	Crop Ye		10 Acres:		11 No	. of Tre		12 No		Harves	sted 13 1	[nspe	ection Type:	14 Inspectio	
	Juice		Y	YYY	33.			2830			2830				Final	MM/D	D/YYYY
						SECTIO	N I: FRU	T LOS	T ON	GROUND)						
				_	~	– Bo	oxes Lost pe	er Tree		~					Date(s) of	Boxes on	Boxes Lost
Grove ID	No. of Tre	ees	Fruit Siz	ze per Box	Ground Fruit per	Tree DC	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Example 100 cm} \\ (18 \div 17) \end{array}$			Cau	ise(s) of D	amage	ge Damage			Ground	(from 21)
15	16			17	10		10				20a				20b	(16 x 19)	22
15	16 (2830)			<u>17</u> 247	18 247		<u>19</u> 1.0			0	hemical Dar				MM/YYYY	21 (2830.0)	22
1	(2830)			247 247	692		2.8			U	Freeze	nage			MM/YYYY	7924.0	7924.0
I	2030		4	247	092										7924.0	7924.0	
23 TOTAL	2830														24 TOTALS	10754.0	7924.0
25 IOTAL		TIONI	I. EDIH	T ON TDE	E, PRODUCTIO		066 (IIA	TT /XX/TN	ID SC		FDFF7F	CUTI	DETED	ATN			7924.0
	SEC									AKAND	FREEZE		DETEKN	/1111/	ATION METHO	Boxes	
Grove ID	No. of Trees	Boxes		· · · ·) and Dates of	No. In	No. @	No. @		l. 31 x 0.7	No. @ 4	0%	Col. 33 x	04	% Damage	Produced	Boxes Lost
Glove ID	110. 01 11003	(Es	st.)	D	amage	Sample	100%	70%	0		110. e -	1070	COI. 55 X	(30+32+34)÷29		(26 x 27)	35 x 36
25	26	2	7		28	29	30	31		32	33		34	35		36	37
1	2830			Freeze	MM/DD/YYYY	No un	harvested fru	uit on tre	es – See	s – See Sec. III							
38 TOTAL	2830														39 TOTALS		
			SECTIO	ON III: FRU	JIT PRODUCTI	ON ANI	D LOSS BA	SED C	N DAT	ГА FROM	1 TEST H	OUSE	E JUICE	ANA	ALYSIS		
	Wt. Boxes					Avg. L		e of	f. Wt.	Post	Pre Factor	% Dec	cay + %		% Damage	Boxes	Damas Last
Grove ID	Harvested for	Date Ha	arvested	Name of F	Processing Plant	Juice/B	Box Base Ib		s/Box	Factor	(46 - 45)		olesome	$\left(\frac{47-48}{47x45}\right)$ x 46 x100 + 49		Produced	Boxes Lost (50 x 51) ÷ 100
	Juice					(After	/	Lbs/Box		(46 – 44)				47x4		(41 x 47) ÷ 48	
40	41	4			43	44	45		46	47			-		50	51	52
1	3022	MM/DD			N Canning	38.2			90	51.8	38.0		3.0		58.9	4119.5	2426.4
1	3625	MM/DD)/YYYY	Co	oca Cola	39.8	52.0)	90	50.2	38.0	1	2.5		54.8	4788.8	2624.3
50 mom 11	00.17																5050 7
53 TOTAL	6647													5	4 TOTALS	8908.3	5050.7
					SECTION IV							OSS					
55 Grove ID	56 Date Ha	arvested		(F) H			Name and A					D	11 17			58 Boxes	59 Boxes
				(Fruit Harves	sted Before Damage	Occurred	, within / D	ays Afte	r Freeze	, Prior to In	spection or	Damag	ged by Unit	nsure	d Causes)	Produced	Lost
(0, 0,		N 1		Г	050	(1 F	1			~	Г	000	20	<i>(</i>)		10000.0	400747
	Level Percent I				.250	61 Pr	oduction Lo					283	30	62	Subtotals:	19662.3	12974.7
	ase to Meet Min	nimum B	oxes Per	Acre:					5	sted Percei							.410
64 Total Boxe							19662		3		nt <mark>Damage</mark>						.547
65 Percent Bo	oxes Lost:					.660 68 Dollar Amount of Insurance Per Acre: bes not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).						1462					
				Thi	s form does not	t <mark>íllustr</mark> a	ite all req	uired o	entry i	tems (e.g	g., signatı	ires, e	etc.).				

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EXAMPLE 2 (COMPANY NAME)

ADJUSTER'S CITRUS WORKSHEET (For Illustration Purposes Only – Illustrates Hail Damage to Fresh Tangelos)

			(F	or Illustra	tion Purpos	es Only –	Illustrate	s Hail Da	amag	e to Fr	esh Tai	ngelos)			
1 Insured's Na	ame:	2	Policy No.:	3 Clai	im No.:	4 Unit N	lo.:	5	Crop):		6 Туре	:	7 Practice:	
Ι.	. M. Insured		XXXXXX	>	XXXXXXXX	0	002-0001-OL			Citrus			045		997
Intended Use	e: 9	Crop Year:		10 Acres:		11 No. o		1	2 No.	of Tree	s Harve	sted 13 Insp	pection Type:	14 Inspecti	on Date:
Fres	sh	Y۱	/YY		25.5		2448			Non	е		Final	MM/	DD/YYYY
					SECT	ION I: FF	RUIT LOS	Г ON GR	OUNI	D					
Grove ID	No. of Tre	es Fru	it Size per Box	Ground	Fruit per Tree		Lost per Tre 18 ÷ 17)	æ	Cause	(s) of Da	amage	Date	e(s) of Damage	Boxes on Ground (16 x 19)	Boxes Lost (from 21)
15	16		17		18	19				20a			20b	21	22
1	2448		216		259		1.2			Hail		N	IM/DD/YYYY	2937.6	2937.6
-															
23 TOTAL	2448											2	4 TOTALS	2937.6	2937.6
	SECTION II: FRUIT ON TREE, PRODUCTION AND LOSS (HAIL/WIND-SCAR AND FREEZE CUT DETERMINATION METHODS)														
Grove ID	No. of Trees		e Cause(s) and Dama	Dates of	No. In Sample	No. @ 100%	No. @ 70%	Col. 31		No. @		Col. 33 x 0.4	04 Damaga	Boxes Produced (26 x 27)	Boxes Lost 35 x 36
25	26	27	28		29	30	31	32		3	3	34	35	36	37
1	2448	2.8		DD/YYY	100	39							.390	6854.4	2283.2
38 TOTAL	2448		-										39 TOTALS	6854.4	2283.2
	•	SE	CTION III: F	RUIT PRO	DUCTION A	ND LOSS	BASED O	N DATA	FROM	M TEST	THOUS	E JUICE A	NALYSIS		•
Grove ID	Wt. Boxes Harvested for	Date	Name of Proc		Avg. Lbs. Juice/Box	Juice Base Lbs/Box	Off. Wt.	Dff. Wt. Post $Factor$ Pre Factor $(46-45)$			% Deca Unwho Fru	$47-4$ lesome $\int \frac{47-4}{47-4}$	% Damage	Boxes Produced	Boxes Lost (50 x 51) ÷ 10
40	Juice 41	42	43		(After) 44	45	46	(46 – 44) 47		48	4		+5 J 50	(41 x 47) ÷ 48 51	52
40	41	42	43		44	43	40	47		48	4	9	30	51	32
53 TOTAL							I I		<u> </u>				54 TOTALS		
JJ IOTAL				SECT	TION IV: TO	TAL DDO	DUCTION			CTION	1.055		J4 IOIALS		
5 Grove ID	56 Date Ha	rvested	(Fruit Har			7 Name an	d Address	of Buyer o	or Proc	essor		ged by Uninsu	red Causes)	58 Boxes Produced	59 Boxes Lo
1	MM/DD/Y	YYY A	CE Packing, Any	Town, Any S	tate XXXXX					-				530.0	
			<u> </u>	· ·											
) Coverage I	Level Percent D	Deductible:		.250	61 P	roduction L	ost Uninsu	ed Causes	3:			62	Subtotals:	10322.0	5220.8
Ū.	se to Meet Min		s Per Acre					justed Per		OSS:	<u>l</u>	1			.256
4 Total Boxe						10,322		justed Per							.230
5 Percent Boxe						.506		llar Amou		0	e Per Ad	ere:			2571
1 ereent Bo			т	his form d	loes not illus										20,1

This form does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

EXAMPLE 3 (COMPANY NAME)

ADJUSTER'S CITRUS WORKSHEET

						<u> </u>	lustrates To	ornado ai		ed Da	mage to Fi	,	7		
1 Insured's Na			2 Policy No.:		m No.:	4	Unit No.:		5 Crop:			6 Туре:	7 Pract		
	I. M. Insured		XXXXXX		XXXXXXX		0003-00			Citrus		052		997	
8 Intended Us		9 Crop Yea		10 Acres:		1	1 No. of Tree		12 No. o		Harvested	13 Inspection Typ		ection Date:	
Free	sh	Y	YYY		12.0		100			800		Final		MM/DD/YYYY	
	1				SEC		N I: FRUIT		I GROUND				1		
Grove ID	No. of T	rees	Fruit Size per B	ox Ground	l Fruit per T	ree	Boxes Lost pe (18 ÷ 17)		Cause(s) of Da	mage	Date(s) of Damage	Boxes on Ground (16 x 19)	Boxes Lost (from 21)	
15	16		17		18		19			20a		20b	21	22	
1 & 2	1000		250		725		2.9			ornado		MM/DD/YYYY	2900.0	2900.0	
-															
23 TOTAL	1000											24 TOTALS	2900.0	2900.0	
	SE	CTION II:	FRUIT ON TI	REE. PROD	UCTION A	ND I	LOSS (HAIL/	WIND-SO	CAR AND F	REEZ	E CUT DE	FERMINATION N	METHODS)		
Grove ID	No. of Trees	Boxes/Tr	ee Cause(s) a	nd Dates of	No. In	No. 9	@ No. @		x 0.7 No. @			0/ Domogo	Boxes Produced (26 x 27)	Boxes Lost 35 x 36	
25	26	(Est.) 27		nage 28	Sample 29	30		32	33	2	34	(30+32+34)-29	36	37	
1	400	2.2		M/DD/YYYY	150	119	-	-	s not harvested		54	.793	880.0	697.8	
2	600	2.2		M/DD/YYYY	100	110				~			1320.0	001.0	
38 TOTAL	1000		·									39 TOTALS	2200.0	697.8	
		S	ECTION III: 1	FRUIT PRO	DUCTION	AND	LOSS BASE	ED ON DA	ATA FROM	TEST	HOUSE JU	JICE ANALYSIS			
Grove ID	Wt. Boxes Harvested for	Date		Processing	Avg. Lbs. Juice/Box	Jui Ba	Off. Wt.	Post Factor	Pre Factor	Unwh	$cay + \%$ olesome $\int \frac{47}{2}$	% Damage	Boxes Produced		
	Juice	Harveste	d Pl	ant	(After)	Lbs/	I he/Rov	(46 – 44)	(46 – 45)	(46 – 45) Fruit 4		$\overline{x_{x45}}$ x 46 x 100 + 49	(41 x 47) ÷ 48	(50 x 51) ÷ 100	
40	41	42	4	43	44	4	5 46	47	48		49	50	51	52	
53 TOTAL												54 TOTALS			
	1			SECT			L PRODUCT				LOSS				
55 Grove ID	56 Date H	arvested	(Fruit Harves	ted Before Dar			e and Address thin 7 Days Afte				amaged by U	ninsured Causes)	58 Boxes Produced	59 Boxes Los	
2	MM/DD/		ACE Packing, Any										1122.5		
2	MM/DD/	YYYY	ACE Packing, Any	/ Town, Any St	tate XXXXX			(Culled Pr	oduction, sold	as juice	due to disea	se damage)	(160.0)		
0 Coverage I	Level Percent	Deductible:		.250	61 Produ	ction	Lost Uninsure	ed Causes:		1	60 62	Subtotals:	6382.5	3597.8	
	use to Meet Mi	nimum Box	es Per Acre:					usted Perc						.314	
64 Total Boxe					638				ent <mark>Damage</mark> :					.419	
55 Percent Bo	oxes Lost:				.56	64	68 Dol	lar Amoun	nt of Insuranc	e Per A	cre:			1168	

This form does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

EXAMPLE 4 (COMPANY NAME)

ADJUSTER'S CITRUS WORKSHEET

				r Illustration				'reeze Da	mage	to Fresh	Tangeri	nes)			
1. Insured's N	lame: . M. Insured		2. Policy No.: XXXXXX	3. Clair XX	n No.: XXXXXX	4. Unit I 00	No.:)02-0002-Ol	J	. Crop:	Citrus IV		 Б. Туре: 	043	7. Practice:	997
8. Intended Us Free		9. Crop Ye	ar: /YYY	10. Acres: 80).7		of Trees: 4912			None	Iarvested	13. Insp	ection Type: Final	14. Inspecti MM/E	on Date: DD/YYYY
				•	SEC	TION I: FR	UIT LOS	r on gro	OUND						-
Grove ID	No. of Tr	ees Fru	iit Size per Box	Ground Fruit	per Tree	Boxes Lost p (18÷17			Cause	e(s) of Dat	mage		Date(s) of Damage	Boxes on Ground (16 x 19)	Boxes Lost (from 21)
15	16		17	18		19				20a			20b	21	22
1	4912		233	326		1.4				Freeze			MM/DD/YYYY	6876.8	6876.8
23. TOTAL	4912												24. TOTALS	6876.8	6876.8
	SE	CTION II:	FRUIT ON T	REE, PRODU	CTION A	ND LOSS (H	IAIL/WIN	D-SCAR	AND F	REEZE (CUT DET	ERMIN	ATION METHO	ODS)	
Grove ID	No. of Trees	Boxes/Tr (Est.)	t.) Damage			No. @ 100%	No. @ 70%	Col. 31 x	x 0.7	No. @ 40	% Col. 3	33 x 0.4	% Damage (30+32+34)÷29	Boxes Produced (26 x 27)	Boxes Lost 35 x 36
25	26	27		29	30	31	32		33		34	35	36	37	
1	4912	3.8	Freeze N	IM/DD/YYYY	200	120	22	15.4		5		2.0	.687	18665.6	12823.3
38 TOTAL	4912												39. TOTALS	18665.6	12823.3
		S	ECTION III:	FRUIT PROD	UCTION	AND LOSS	BASED O	N DATA I	FROM	TEST H	OUSE JU	ICE AN	ALYSIS		1
Grove ID	Wt. Boxes Harvested for	Date	Name of Pr	ocessing Plant	Avg. Lbs	Juice Base	Off. Wt.	Post Fact	tor Pre		% Decay + %	6	% Damage	Boxes Produced	Boxes Lost
GIOVE ID	Juice	Harveste	d	Jeessing I lunt	(After)	Lbs/Box	Lbs/Box	(46 – 44)			Fruit	47x4	$\left(\frac{8}{15}\right) x 46 x 100 + 49$	$(41 \text{ x } 47) \div 48$	$(50 \text{ x } 51) \div 100$
40	41	42		43	44	45	46	47		48	49		50	51	52
53 TOTAL													54. TOTALS		
55 IUIAL				SECTI	ON IV. T		DUCTION		ODUC		266		4. IUTALS		
				SECT		OTAL PRO					799			58. Boxes	59. Boxes
55. Grove ID	56. Date H	arvested	(Fruit H	arvested Before I							Damaged by	Uninsure	ed Causes)	Produced	Lost
60 Coverage I	Level Percent	Deductible:		.250	61. Pro	duction Lost	Uninsured	Causes:				62	Subtotals:	25542.4	19700.1
63 Box Increa		nimum Box	es Per Acre:				0	ted Percen							.521
64 Total Boxe						25542		ted Percen							.695
65 Percent Bo	oxes Lost:				.771 68 Dollar Amount of Insurance Per Acre: does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).									2571	

This form does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

EXAMPLE 5 (COMPANY NAME)

ADJUSTER'S CITRUS WORKSHEET Purposes Only – Illustrates Hurricane Damage to Fresh Fruit)

	(NAME)			(For	Illustration				US WUKK) tes Hurrica	ne Damage to	Fresh Fruit)				
1 Insured's Na	ame:		2 Pol	licy No.:	3 Claim		4 Unit			5 Crop:		у Туре:	7 Practice:			
1	. M. Insured			XXXXXX	XXX	XXXXX		0003-0002	2-00	Citrus V	,	052		97		
8 Intended Us	e:	9 Crop	Year:	1	0 Acres:			of Trees				Inspection Type:	14 Inspection	Date:		
Fres		1	YYYY		10.	0		700		100		Final	MM/DE			
	-				-		TION I · F		OST ON GR	OUND		-		-		
I						SLU							Boxes on			
Grove ID	No. of T	rees	Fruit S	ize per Box	Ground Frui	it per Tree	Boxes Lo		ee	Cause(s) of Da	image	Date(s) of Damage	Ground	Boxes Los		
				•		•	(18	÷17)			C		(16 x 19)	(from 21)		
15	16			17	18			19		20a		20b	21	22		
1	300			252	103		4.1		Hurricane		MM/DD/YYYY	1230.0	1230.0			
2	300			252	479			1.9		Hurricane		MM/DD/YYYY	570.0	570.0		
3	100			252	252	2	1	1.0		Hurricane		MM/DD/YYYY	100.0	100.0 1900.0		
23 TOTAL	700					24 TOTALS 1900.										
	SE	CTION	II: FRU	IT ON TR	EE, PRODUC	CTION AN	D LOSS ((HAIL/V	VIND-SCAR	AND FREEZE	CUT DETE	RMINATION METHO				
Grove ID	No. of Trees	2	es/Tree Est.)	. ,	and Dates of mage	No. In Sample	No. @ 100%	No. @ 70%	Col. 31 x 0.	7 No. @ 40%	Col. 33 x 0	.4 % Damage (30+32+34)÷29	Boxes Produced (26 x 27)	Boxes Los 35 x 36		
25	26		27		28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37		
1	300		1.5		ricane	150	150					1.000	450.0	450.0		
2	300		3.1		ricane	150	98					.653	930.0	607.3		
3	100		4.0	Hur	ricane	150	68					.453	400.0	181.2		
38 TOTAL	700											39 TOTALS	1790.0	1238.5		
	-		SECT	ON III: FI	RUIT PRODU	UCTION A	ND LOSS	S BASEI	O ON DATA	FROM TEST I	HOUSE JUIC					
Grove ID	Wt. Boxes Harvested for Juice	r	Date vested		Processing lant	Avg. Lbs. Juice/Box (After)	Juice Bas Lbs/Box				% Decay + % Unwholesom Fruit		Boxes Produced (41 x 47) ÷ 48	Boxes Los (50 x 51) ÷ 10		
40	41		42		43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52		
		_														
53. TOTAL												54 TOTALS				
					SECTIO					RODUCTION L	OSS			1		
55 Grove ID	56 Date Ha	arvested		(Fruit Harv	vested Before D				ess of Buyer After Freeze, Pi	or Processor ior to Inspection of	r Damaged by U	Ininsured Causes)	58 Boxes Produced	59 Boxes Lost		
1, 2, & 3	MM/DD/Y	YYY	Acme F	resh Fruit, Ar	ny Town, Any S	tate XXXXX							803.9			
50 Coverage L	Level Percent	Deductib	le:		250	61 Produ	uction Lost	t Uninsur	ed Causes:			62 Subtotals:	4493.9	3138.5		
53 Box Increa	se to Meet Mi	nimum I	Boxes Pe	r Acre:				66 A	djusted Perce	nt Loss:				.448		
(1 m · 1 m	es Produced:					44	494		djusted Perce					.597		
64 Total Boxe	i fouuceu.						598			of Insurance Per				1168		

JANUARY 2012

FCIC-25140-1 (FL CITRUS FRUIT)

D. <u>GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SUBMITTED SAMPLE - FLORIDA</u> <u>CITRUS JUICE CERTIFICATE</u>

- (1) The entry items in subsection 7E are the requirements for the Submitted Sample Florida Citrus Juice Certificate. All entry items are "Substantive" (i.e., they are required).
- (2) Submitted sample certificate instructions. The completion instructions for the required entry items on the Florida Citrus Juice Certificate in the following subsection are "Substantive" (i.e., they are required).
- (3) The body (exclusive of the heading and footer) of the following certificate example SHALL NOT BE ALTERED WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF RMA AND THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

E. <u>SUBMITTED SAMPLE - FLORIDA CITRUS JUICE CERTIFICATE</u> <u>ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES</u>

Use this form to determine juice content, percent of decayed, unwholesome, and immature fruit when fruit (other than tangerines) are damaged by freeze. The adjuster completes entries in items 1 through 14. Items 15 through 23 will be completed by the State Inspector.

Item No. Information Required

- 1. **Name of Insured:** Name that EXACTLY identifies the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy Number:** Insured's assigned policy number. If a Claim Number is required, enter it on this same line, preceded by a slash (/), after the policy number.
- 3. **Crop Year:** Four digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim has been filed.
- 4. **Unit Number:** Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct.
- 5. **County:** County where unit is located as identified on Summary of Coverage.
- 6. **Date Sample Collected:** Date, MM/DD/YYYY, on which the sample was collected.
- 7. **Type and Kind of Fruit:** Citrus fruit crop, applicable three-digit type and class codes as listed on the actuarial documents [e.g., Citrus I (011)].
- 8. **Processing Plant (Name & Location):** Name and address of test house/processing plant where sample is to be analyzed.
- 9. **Adjuster's Signature:** Signature of loss adjuster submitting the sample.

- 10. **Submission Date:** The date, MM/DD/YYYY, the sample was submitted for analysis.
- 11. Adjuster's Address: Loss adjuster's mailing address, including zip code.
- 12. **Adjuster's Telephone Number:** The loss adjuster's telephone number, including area code.
- 13. **Plot Number:** Grove or sub-grove number.
- 14. **Page** _____ **of** _____: Page number within a series of page numbers for multiple samples within a unit.
- 15. **Sample Weight:** The submitted-sample weight in pounds to hundredths. Use a sample size that weighs at least 30 pounds or the amount required by the test house.
- 16. **Juice Weight:** Pounds, to hundredths, of juice extracted from the sample.
- 17. **Juice Per Box:** Average pounds of juice per appropriate weight box, rounded to hundredths, as determined from the submitted sample. (Enter this value, to tenths, in item 43 of the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet.)
- 18. **Acid:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 19. **Brix/Solids:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 20. **Ratio:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 21. **LBS. Solids Per Box:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample in pounds to four decimal places.
- 22. **% Decayed Fruit (by count):** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 23. **% Unwholesome/Immature Fruit:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 24. **Total % Damaged Fruit (% Decay + % Unwholesome/Immature Fruit:** Determination from the citrus juice test analysis of the sample.
- 25. **State Inspector's Signature:** Signature of certified State inspector running the sample.
- 26. **Date:** Date, MM/DD/YYYY, the submitted sample was tested.

SUBMITTED SAMPLE FLORIDA CITRUS JUICE CERTIFICATE														
TO BE COMPLETED BY LOSS ADJUSTER														
1. Name of Insured: I. M. Insured	2 Doliny Number VYYYYY													
	2. Policy Number: XXXXXXX													
3. Crop Year: YYYY	4. Unit Number: 0001-0001-BU													
5. County: Any	6. Date Sample Collected: <u>MM/DD/YYYY</u>													
7. Type and Kind of Fruit: Citrus I (011)														
8. Processing Plant: B & W Canning, Any T	own, Any State XXXXX													
9. Adjuster's Signature: I. M. Adjuster	10. Submission Date: <u>MM/DD/YYYY</u>													
11, Adjuster's Address: Any City, Any State XXX	XX													
12. Adjuster's Phone Number: (XXX) XXX-XXX	X													
13. Plot Number: 1	14. Page 1 of 1													
	ble to Florida Department of Agriculture													
TO BE COMPLETED	BY STATE INSPECTOR													
15. Sample Weight: 30.00	16. Juice Weight: 12.50													
17. Juice Per Box: 45.00	18. Acid: 1.00													
19. Brix/Solids: 13.50 20. Ratio:	13.50 21. LBS. Solids Per Box: 6.0750													
	3. % Unwholesome/Immature Fruit (by count): 11.0													
24. Total % Damaged Fruit (% Decay + Unwholeson														
This is to certify results of above hand selected submitt Juice content is not certified in accordance with DOC R	•													
I. M. Inspector	MM/DD/YYYY													
25. State Inspector Signature	26. Date													
State Inspector Instructions: Mark paid, transmit completed copy to loss adjuster and mail original	I form, with payment, to Winter Haven office.													

- 23. **Class:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the class grown by the insured. If "No Class Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If no class is specified on the actuarial documents MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 24. **Sub-Class:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the sub-class grown by the insured. If "No Sub-Class Specified" is shown on the actuarial documents, enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If no sub-class is specified on the actuarial documents MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 25. **Intended Use:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the intended use of the citrus crop grown by the insured. If "No Intended Use Specified" is shown on the actuarial documents enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If no intended use is specified on the actuarial documents MAKE NO ENTRY.

26. MAKE NO ENTRY.

- 27. **Cropping Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the cropping practice (or practice) carried out by the insured. If "No Cropping Practice Specified" or "No Practice Specified" is shown on the actuarial documents, enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If no cropping practice (or practice) is specified on the actuarial documents MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 28. **Organic Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the organic practice carried out by the insured. If "No Organic Practice Specified" is shown on the actuarial documents, enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If no organic practice is specified on the actuarial documents MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 29.-30. MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 31. **Appraised Potential:** From the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet, transfer the three decimal entry in item 67.
- 32_a.-32_b. MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 33. **Shell %, Factor, or Value:** Enter the dollar amount of insurance per acre from the insured's Summary of Coverage, in whole dollars, for the crop and type.
- 34. **Production Pre QA:** In the heading, cross out "Production" and enter "Indemnity." This entry represents the gross dollar amount of indemnity before quality is applied (refer to items 35 and 36 below and section 15 (j) of the Basic Provisions. Result of multiplying column 19 times column 20, times column 33, and multiplying this result by column 31, round result to whole dollars.

- 35. **Quality Factor:** MAKE NO ENTRY, UNLESS under section 15 (j) of the Basic Provisions, if due to insured causes, a Federal or State agency has ordered the appraised insured crop or production to be destroyed, enter the factor ".000" for such appraised or harvested production as applicable. Instruct the insured to complete and submit a Certification Form stating the date the crop or production WAS DESTROYED and the method of destruction (refer to item 40 and the Narrative instructions below). Also refer to LAM paragraphs 96 J (2) and 102 A for additional information.
- 36. Production Post QA: In the heading, cross out "Production" and enter "Indemnity." This entry represents the gross dollar amount of indemnity after quality is applied. If section 15 (j) of the Basic Provisions apply, multiply the entry in column 34 by column 35. Otherwise, transfer the entry from column 34.
- 37. **Uninsured Causes:** Enter the total whole boxes from item 61 of the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet that corresponds to the acreage identified in item 16 of the Production Worksheet. Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire. Also refer to the "Narrative" instructions for information on appraisals for uninsured causes of loss due to other than Hail and Fire Exclusion.
- 38. Total to Count: In the heading, cross out "to Count" and enter "Indemnity." This entry represents the gross dollar amount of indemnity for the line. Transfer the entry in column
 *** 36. DO NOT include item 37 entries in item 38 totals.
- 39. Total Acres:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total actual (determined) acres to tenths.

40. **Quality:** Check "None" unless the production is ordered destroyed by a Federal or State agency then check the applicable cause(s) in the table below that corresponds with why the production was ordered to be destroyed. If none listed apply, check "Other" and explain in the Narrative or on a Special Report (refer to the Narrative instructions for documentation requirements).

Qualifying QA Condition:	
Test Weight	Dark Roast (for Sunflowers only)
Kernel Damage and Total Defects	Sclerotinia (for Sunflowers only)
Garlicky (Grade)	Ergoty (Grade)
Aflatoxin	COFO (commercially objectionable foreign odor) (includes Musty and Sour Odor)
Vomitoxin	Other
Fumonisin	None

- Mycotoxins exceed FDA, State, or other health organization maximum limits. Check "Yes.:" Check "Yes" if any mycotoxin list in item 40 (including any identified as "Other") exceed FDA, State or other health organization maximum limits, otherwise LEAVE BLANK. Refer to the Narrative for documentation requirements.
- 42. Totals:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

Item No. Information Required

43. Date Harvest Completed: (Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer to the LAM.)

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL:

- a. The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage on the unit was (1) harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested, destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.
- b. If at the time of final inspection, (if prior to the end of the insurance period,) there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit and the insured does not intend to harvest, enter "Incomplete."
- c. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period, **none** of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "No Harvest."
- d. If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form, when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer to the LAM.

44. **Similar Damage:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other groves in the area. If "NO" is checked, explain in the Narrative.

- 45. **Assignment of Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- 46. **Transfer of Right to Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.

47-68. MAKE NO ENTRY.

69. Section I Total:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Figure from Section I, item 42 "Totals" for column 38.

70. Unit Total:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total Gross Dollar Amount of Indemnity for the unit from item 69.

71. Allocated Prod.:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Refer to the LAM paragraphs 126 C (5) and 127 for instructions for determining allocated production. Enter the total production, rounded to whole dollars, allocated to this unit from any unreported unit that is included in Sections I or II of the Production Worksheet. Document how allocated production was determined and record supporting calculations in the Narrative or on a Special Report.

72. MAKE NO ENTRY.

The following required entries are not illustrated on the appraisal worksheet example below.

- 73. **Insured's Signature and Date:** Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining the signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Production Worksheet WITH THE INSURED (or the insured's authorized representative), particularly explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood. Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line.
- 74. **Adjuster's Signature, Code #, and Date:** Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed **after** the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster's code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER the absentee has signed and returned the Production Worksheet. Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line.

75. **Page Numbers:**

PRELIMINARY: Page numbers – "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.

FINAL: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

PRODUCTION WORKSHEET (FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY)

1. Cı	Crop/Code # 2. Unit # 3. Location Description 7. Company Any Company												8. Name of Insured										
	Citru	3	0001	-0001-B	U	Sec 32 7	FXX-RX	X	Age	ency		An	y Agency						I. M.	Insured			
	0245															9. Clai	m #			11. Ci	rop Year		
4. Da	ate(s) of I	Damage	J	AN 10													XXX	XXXXX				YYY	
5. Ca	use(s) of	Damage		Freeze												10. Pol	icy #			XXX	XXXX		
6. In	sured Ca	ıse %		100												14. Da	te(s)	1st		2nd		Final	
12. A	Additiona	l Units	0002-	-0001-O	U 0003	3-0001-OU	0002-0	002-OU	0003-00	002-OU	0004-000	1-BU				Notice	of Loss	MM/D	D/YYYY			MM/DD	/YYYY
13. E	Est. Prod.	Per Acre		7900		6500	25	000	44	-00	4700)				15. Co	mpanion Po	olicy(s)					
SE	CTION	I – DET	ERMI	NED A	CREA	GE APPF	RAISED	, PROE	UCTI	ON AN	D ADJUS	STMEN	ГS										
	SECTION I – DETERMINED ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION AND ADJUSTMENTS A. ACTUARIAL B														B. POTI	ENTIAL '	YIELD						
16.													30.	31.	32a. 32b.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.		
Field	Multi-	Reported										Use of	Appraised	32b. Moisture %	Shell %,	Indemnity	Quality	Indemnity	Uninsured	Total <mark>to</mark>			
ID	Crop Code	Acres		cres	or Share	Risk	Туре	Class	Class	Use	Practice	Cropping Practice		Stage	Acreage	Potential	Factor	Factor, or Value	Production Pre QA	Factor	Production Post QA	Causes	Count Indemnity
1	NS	34.0											.547		1462	26331		26331	2830	26331			
	40. Quality: TW □ KD □ Aflatoxin □ Vomitoxin □ Fumonisin □ Garlicky □ Dark 39. TOTAL 33.3 Sclerotinia □ Ergoty □ CoFo □ Other □ None ⊠													Dark Ro	oast 🗆								
		39. TOTA	AL 3	33.3							None 🗵 rganization		. 1	Z 🗖			42. 1	TOTALS	26331		26331	2830	26331
NTA											U				·	04 G X 20		1 1	C '1D	4.6	• 1	6.1	
NA	KKAII	E (If mo	ore spa	ce is ne	eded, at	tach a Spe	ecial Rej	port):	Acres	determi	ned by whe	el measur	ement. Ir	ee plan	ing patter	rn 24 ft. X 30) II. Refer	to attached	special Ro	eport for u	ninsured ca	use of dam	age.
SE	TION	II DE'	FEDM	INED		ESTED P		TION															
		vest Com		INED			nage simi		or form	in the c	r00?		45 A	acianm	ent of Inde	omnity			46 Tro	nofor of D	ight to Inde	mnitu?	
45.	Date Hai	MM/DI		~		44. Dai	nage snin						4J. A	ssigning	Ye	N	Х		40. 114				
			/ 1 1 1 1	L				Yes		No X	Υ.				s	0	Λ			Yes	N	Io A	
Δ	MFASI	JREME	NTS			B CR	OSS PR	ODUC	TION			TMFN	ГЅ ТО Н	ARVE	5	PRODUCT	TON						
47a												58a.	59a.	60a.						64a.	1		
47b	4x	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	5	6.	51	58b.	59b.	60b	f	51.	62.	63.		64b.	65.		66.
Shar	Cron	0	Width	Depth	Deduc-	Net Cubic	Conver- sion	Gros	S IF		Shell/ F Sugar	FM%	Moisture %	Test V	Adj		od. Not	Product		Value	- Quality F	ector P	roduction
Fiel ID	d Code		widui	Depui	tion	Feet	Factor	Prod	· Cv		-	actor	Factor	Facto	or Prod	uction to	Count	Pre-Q.	A M	kt. Price	Quanty 1	tetor te	o Count
						1																	
						 																	
																					-		
						-	-					· ·				67. 7	TOTAL			68.	Section II 7	Fotal	
																	L			69.	Section I 7	[otal	26331
					7 01. •	a forme	0.00	• :11 +	oto all		nod		(0 a -)					70. Unit 7	Total	26331
This form does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.)•				71.	Allocated F	Prod.						
	This form does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).															72. Total APH Prod.							

TABLE A - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS

Number of Acres:	Select:
0.1 - 10.0	The lesser of 5 trees or 5% of the number of trees in the grove or sub-grove.
One additional tree is required for each additional 10.0 acres (or fraction thereof) in the grove or sub-grove.	