

United States Department of Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

FCIC-25310 (11-2020)

PEACH LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

2021 and Succeeding Crop Years

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY KANSAS CITY, MO 64133

NUMBER: FCIC-25310
ISSUE DATE: 11/27/2020
OPI: Product Administration and Standards Division
APPROVED:
/s/ John W. Underwood for
Deputy Administrator for Product Management
]

REASONS FOR ISSUANCE

Major changes: See changes or additions in text which have been highlighted. Three stars (***) identify information that has been removed.

- 1. Revised the handbook to incorporate the most recent RMA approved format and standard language. Many paragraphs and sections within the handbook were rewritten or relocated to increase clarity and understanding. Throughout the handbook, references were revised to reflect the new handbook format, removal, and rearrangement of various sections and tables. Throughout the amended pages, changes were made to correct spelling, punctuation, formatting, and to correct subparagraph and section numbering.
- 2. Reformatted the handbook into parts, paragraphs, sections, subsections, and exhibits in accordance the External Handbook Standards format.
- 3. Revised links to websites referenced throughout the handbook.
- 4. Subparagraph 1A (Purpose and Objective): Revised the language for consistency with standard language.
- 5. Subparagraph 1B (Related Handbooks): Added CIH and GSH to the table.
- 6. Subparagraph 13A (Insurable Causes of Loss or Damage): Added entire subparagraph reflecting contents of Peach CP.
- 7. Subparagraph 13B (Uninsurable Causes of Loss or Damage): Added example of "inability to market."
- 8. Removed paragraph "Determining the Appraised Production to Count" as this language can be found in the Peach CP and does not provide procedure for calculating production to count.
- 9. Exhibit 1: Added "QA," "COL," "GSH," "LASH," and "UUF" to the list of approved acronyms and abbreviations. Corrected the term for "GPS."

PEACH LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

REASONS FOR ISSUANCE (Continued):

- 10. Exhibit 5, item 29: Added UUF/Third Party Damage stage codes.
- 11. Exhibit 7: Corrected error in table.
- 12. Exhibit 9: Updated outdated set out years in table.

PEACH LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

CONTROL CHART

	Peach Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook						
	TP	TC	Text	Exhibit	Exhibit	Date	Directive
	Page(s)	Page(s)	Page(s)	Number	Page(s)	Date	Number
Remove		Entire Handbook			09-2013	FCIC-25310-2H	
Insert		Entire Handbook			11-2020	FCIC-25310	
Current Index	1-4	1-2	1-22	1-10	23-60	11-2020	FCIC-25310

FILING INSTRUCTIONS

The handbook replaces the 2013 Peach Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook, FCIC-25310-2H, (09-2013). This handbook is effective for the 2021 and succeeding crop years and is not retroactive to any 2020 or prior crop year determinations.

(RESERVED)

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1 General Information

A. Purpose and Objective

The RMA-issued loss adjustment standards for this crop are the official standard requirements for adjusting losses in a uniform and timely manner. The RMA-issued standards for this crop and crop year are in effect as of the signature date for this crop handbook located at www.rma.usda.gov/.

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of either the entire handbook or selected portions (through amendments, bulletins, or FADs). If amendments are issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin or FAD can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent amendments.

B. Related Handbooks

The following table identifies handbooks that shall be used in conjunction with this handbook.

Handbook	Relation/Purpose
CIH	Provides underwriting procedures for use in sales, service, and loss adjustment of crop insurance contracts.
GSH	Provides general crop insurance information.
DSSH	Provides the form standards and procedures for use in the sales and service of crop insurance contracts.
LAM	Provides overall general loss adjustment (not crop-specific) process.

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions general (not crop specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the GSH and the LAM.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions specific to peach loss adjustment and this handbook are in exhibits 1 and 2, herein.

C. CAT Coverage

Refer to the CIH, GSH and LAM for provisions and procedures not applicable to CAT coverage.

2 AIP Responsibilities

A. Standards Utilization

All AIPs shall utilize these standards for both loss adjustment and loss training for the applicable crop year. These standards, which include crop appraisal methods, claims completion instructions, and form standards, supplement the general (not crop-specific) loss adjustment standards identified in the LAM.

B. Form Distribution

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster and signed by the insured (or the insured's authorized representative) for the loss adjustment inspection.

- (1) One legible copy to the insured; and
- (2) The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the AIP.

C. Record Retention

It is the AIP's responsibility to maintain records (documents) as stated in the SRA and described in the LAM.

D. Form Standards

- The entry items and completion instructions in exhibits 3-6 are the minimum requirements for the Peach Appraisal Worksheet, Claim Form (hereafter referred to as "Production Worksheet"), Peach Picker's Record, and Appraisal Deviation/Modification Worksheet. All entry items are "Substantive," they are required.
- (2) The Privacy Act and Non-Discrimination statements are required statements that must be printed on the form or provided to the insured as a separate document. These statements are not shown on the example form(s) in exhibits 3-6. The current Non-Discrimination Statement and Privacy Act Statement can be found on the RMA website at: www.rma.usda.gov/.
- (3) The certification statement required by the current DSSH must be included on the Production Worksheet directly above the insured's signature block immediately followed by the statement below:

"I understand the certified information on this Production Worksheet will be used to determine my loss, if any, to the above unit. The insurance provider may audit and approve this information and supporting documentation. The Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, an agency of the United States, subsidizes and reinsures this crop insurance."

(4) Refer to the DSSH for other crop insurance form requirements (such as font size, etc.).

3-10 (Reserved)

PART 2 POLICY INFORMATION

The AIP determines if the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. The Peach CP, which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to):

11 Insurability

This section provides important requirements to insure peaches. Refer to the BP, CP, and SP for a complete list of insurability requirements.

A. Insured Crop

The crop insured will be all the peaches in the county for which a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents:

- (1) In which the insured has a share;
- (2) That are grown on tree varieties that:
 - (a) Were commercially available when the trees were set out;
 - (b) Are a variety having a chilling hour requirement that is appropriate for the area; and
 - (c) Are grown on a rootstock that is adapted to the area.
- (3) That the crop insured will be any varieties of peaches that are grown for the production of fresh or processing peaches;
- (4) That are grown in an orchard, that if inspected, is considered acceptable by the AIP;
- (5) That has reached at least the fourth (4th) growing season after being set out; however, the AIP may agree in writing to insure acreage that has not reached this age if it has produced at least 100 bushels of peaches per acre; and
- (6) That are grown for:
 - (a) Fresh peach production; or
 - (b) Processing peach production.

B. Interplanted Crops

Peaches interplanted with another perennial crop are insurable unless the AIP inspects the acreage and determines it does not meet the insurability requirements contained in the policy.

12 Unit Division

Unless limited by the CP or SP, a basic unit as defined in the BP, may be divided into optional units if, for each optional unit, all conditions stated in the applicable provisions are met.

Reminder: Refer to the insurance contract for unit provision information.

13 Causes of Loss

A. Insurable Causes of Loss or Damage

Insurance coverage is provided only against the following COLs that occur within the insurance period:

- (1) Adverse weather conditions;
- (2) Fire, unless weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed from the orchard;
- (3) Earthquake;
- (4) Insects, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of pest control measures;
- (5) Plant disease, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of disease control measures;
- (6) Volcanic eruption;
- (7) Wildlife, unless control measures have not been taken;
- (8) An insufficient number of chilling hours to effectively break dormancy; or
- (9) Failure of irrigation water supply, if caused by an insured peril that occurs during the insurance period.

B. Uninsurable Causes of Loss or Damage

Insurance coverage is not provided against damage or loss of production due to:

- (1) Split pits, regardless of cause;
- (2) Inability to market the peaches for any reason other than actual physical damage from an insurable cause specified in the CP.

Example: The AIP will not pay an indemnity if the insured is unable to market due to quarantine, boycott, or refusal of any person to accept production.

14-20 (Reserved)

November 2020

PART 3 APPRAISALS

Section 1 General Information

Potential production from all types of inspections will be appraised in accordance with procedures as specified in this handbook and the LAM.

21 Notice of Damage

Insureds are required by policy to file a "Notice of Damage or Loss" (unless the insurance period ends) prior to each of the following events.

- (1) Within 3 days of the date that harvest of the damaged variety should have started if the crop will not be harvested.
- (2) At least 15 days before any production from any unit will be sold by direct marketing, unless the insured has records verifying that the direct market peaches were "weighed and graded" through a packing shed.
 - (a) The insured's failure to give timely notice that production will be sold by direct marketing will result in an appraised amount of production to count of not less than the production guarantee per acre if such failure results in the inability of the AIP to make the required appraisal.
 - (b) The AIP will conduct an appraisal that will be used to determine the insured's production to count for production that is sold by direct marketing or is sold as fresh fruit production;
- (3) If the insured intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, insured shall:
 - (a) Notify the AIP at least 15 days prior to the beginning of harvest; or
 - (b) Immediately if damage is discovered during harvest so that the AIP may inspect the damaged production.
- **Important**: The insured must not destroy the damaged crop until after the AIP has given the insured written consent to do so. If the insured fails to meet the requirements listed above and such failure results in the AIP's inability to inspect the damaged production, all such production will be considered undamaged and included as production to count.

22 Acreage Reduction

- (1) As stated in the SP, determine if the original plant stand has been reduced in excess of 10 percent prior to the acreage reporting date for the current crop year.
 - (a) If the original plant stand was reduced and such plant stand reduction is in excess of 10 percent, then the adjuster shall:

- (i) Notify the AIP that a revised acreage report may be needed to reduce the number of insured acres;
- (ii) Not finalize any such claims and do not obtain the insured's signature on claims documents until the AIP determines whether the acreage report needs to be revised for reduced acreage; and
- (iii) Finalize the claim, if a revised acreage report is necessary, when the revised acreage report is completed.
- (b) If the original plant stand was not reduced; or, if the plant stand reduction is 10 percent or less:
 - (i) The AIP shall not revise the acreage report for reduced acreage; and
 - (ii) The adjuster shall complete the claim in accordance with the loss adjustment procedures in this handbook.

Reminder: Refer to the LAM for additional information on determining perennial crop acreage.

(2) If necessary, visually inspect such insured acreage and compare inspection results with the most recently completed PAW and sketch map of insured acreage to confirm such acreage reduction.

23 Selecting Representative Sample Trees

- (1) Take no less than the minimum number (count) of representative sample trees required in exhibit 10.
- (2) Select representative sample trees based on:
 - (a) Total acreage and number of trees;
 - (b) Extent of variation in the amount of production or damage within the orchard/suborchard and location of fruit on the tree;
 - (c) When variable damage causes the crop potential to be significantly different within the same orchard, or the insured wishes to destroy a portion of the orchard, split the orchard into suborchard, and appraise each suborchard separately;
 - (d) Percent of each variety in the acreage;
 - (e) Tree age, size, density, and vigor;
 - (f) Trees that have been picked and the extent of variation in the amount of unpicked fruit on the trees; and
 - (g) Any acreage in the unit that has been color (partially) picked.

If the insured disagrees with the unharvested peach appraisal, the adjuster shall:

- (1) Make arrangements for leaving representative trees unharvested and for inspecting those trees when the peaches are ready to harvest (harvest-appraisal);
- (2) With the insured, jointly select sample trees for such representative sample;
- (3) Make a sketch map of the orchard/suborchard and mark the sample trees by row number and tree count within the chosen row; and
- (4) Be present when the representative trees are harvested.
- **Reminder:** If the insured refuses to sign appraisal worksheet(s), refer to the LAM for information on unusual/controversial cases.

25 General Information

- (1) The CP provide for QA to reduce the amount of appraised and harvested mature marketable peach production damaged due to insured cause(s) of loss.
- (2) Use the information in this section to:
 - (a) Select sample fruit for quality determination, and
 - (b) Calculate QA factors for fresh and processing peaches.

26 Selecting Sample Fruit and Obtaining Damaged Fruit Price for Quality Adjustment

Follow the steps below to select sample fruit for QA:

Action						
Select representative sample trees.						
Ren	ninde	r: Refer to paragraph 23 for information on representative sample trees.				
(a)		each sample tree, select a 100-fruit representative sample of all the marketable thes that can be used as a food source for humans.				
(b)	If an	individual sample tree selected does not contain at least 100 sample fruit:				
	(1)	Select sample fruit from adjacent tree(s) in the orchard being appraised that are comparable (in tree age, tree/fruit size, productivity, fruit variety) to the original sample tree selected, explain in the Remarks section of the appraisal worksheet, or				
	(2)	When fruit is damaged by insured causes to the extent that all of the trees have less than 100 fruit per tree, use				
		 A sufficient number of sample fruit per tree to determine the percent damage, and 				
		 (ii) The same number of sample fruit from each sample tree in the orchard to ensure consistent QA determinations. 				
		Example: 70 fruit per tree, 60 fruit per tree, 50 fruit per tree, etc. Explain in the Remarks.				
	Ren (a)	Reminde (a) On e peac (b) If an (1)				

26 Selecting Sample Fruit and Obtaining Damaged Fruit Price for Quality Adjustment (Continued)

Step			Action
3	(a)	Select	a representative sample of fruit from the 100-fruit sample.
	(b)	and ce	such representative sample to a processor/packer for a price quote in dollars onts per bushel for such peaches. Identify such processor/packer in the ive of the PW.
	(c)	unmar	praisal and "price bid" purposes, do not include any peaches that are ketable because of uninsured damage (these must be calculated and added to oduction to count).
		f c	Fresh peaches : Sort out the peaches in the sample that are marketable as Fresh peaches under local market conditions. Calculate the total fresh-market quality production in the orchard by multiplying the average number of bushels of such fruit per tree times the number of trees in the orchard.
			Processing peaches : Use appraisal information and the harvested random sample fruit to determine the number of bushels of fruit per acre.
	(d)		market is open (buyer bids are available), obtain the best available bid based random peach sample as follows.
		· · ·	f the random sample is unmarketable because it contains damaged peaches, remove only the peaches that are causing the "no bid" situation.
			Use a Special Report form to document the efforts made to obtain buyer bids and the number of damaged peaches removed from the sample.
			f the insured harvests the crop later, the per bushel price received for narketable peaches will supersede this appraisal bid for QA purposes.
	(e)	each sa	market is not open (buyer bids are not available), sort out the peaches from ample tree that would be marketable as fresh or processing peaches under narket conditions as follows.
		· · ·	Use the fruit size information in <mark>exhibit 7</mark> to calculate the number of bushels per tree and the total number of bushels per acre.
		a c	f the insured harvests the crop later, compare this production to the appraisal. Do not include any peaches that are damaged by uninsured causes. The value per bushel of harvested peaches will be used for QA purposes.

26 Selecting Sample Fruit and Obtaining Damaged Fruit Price for Quality Adjustment (Continued)

Follow the steps below to select sample fruit for QA (continued):

Step		Action
3	(f)	Compare the appraisals with the harvested production records when the peaches are harvested.

Reminder: These procedures are used for completing the **PW** when peaches are not harvested, when peaches are harvested, or when peaches are harvested but the amount is less than the appraisal (possibly incomplete record of disposition, and so forth).

27 Fresh Peach Quality Adjustment

Follow the steps below to calculate the QA factor for fresh peaches.

Step	Action
1	Obtain a dollar and cents price per bushel for the representative sample of damaged fresh peach production.
2	Result of step 1 minus the post-production cost per bushel for fresh peaches from the SP.
3	Divide result of step 2 by the dollars and cents price election per bushel for the variety of fresh peaches, results not to exceed 1.000.
	Important : Use the "Established Price" from the actuarial documents as the price election for buy up and CAT insureds.
4	Multiply the result of step 3 by the number of bushels of the eligible damaged fresh peaches.

Reminder: For fresh peach production that is eligible for QA, enter the price of damaged peaches, price of undamaged peaches, and QA factors in the applicable entries on the PW. Refer to the worksheet item entry instructions in exhibit 3.

28 Processing Peach Quality Adjustment

Follow the steps below to calculate the QA factor for processing peaches.

Step	Action
1	Obtain a dollar and cents price per bushel for the representative sample of damaged processing peach production.
2	Result of step 1 minus the post-production cost per bushel for processing peaches from the SP.

Step	Action
3	Divide the result of step 2 by the dollars and cents price election per bushel for the variety of processing peaches, results not to exceed 1.000.
	Important : Use the "Established Price" from the actuarial documents as the price election for buy up and CAT insureds.
4	Multiply the result of step 3 by the number of bushels of the eligible damaged processing peaches.

Reminder: For processing peach production that is eligible for QA, enter the price of damaged peaches, price of undamaged peaches, and QA factors in the applicable entries on the PW. Refer to the worksheet item entry instructions in exhibit 3.

29 General Information

(1) Adjusters shall use the following methods for appraising peach production on insured acreage that will not be harvested.

Appraisal Method	Use when
Unharvested Appraisals	after the fruit drop period and before general maturity of the crop.
Representative Tree Appraisals	the production harvested from the representative trees to determine the yield per acre.
Harvested Acreage Appraisals	the average yield per acre from harvested acreage as the appraisal per acre for comparable unharvested acreage.

- (2) Calculate the amount of appraised fresh or processing production to count in bushels rounded to tenths on the Peach Appraisal Worksheet, hereafter referred to as the appraisal worksheet.
- (3) Use only one method (average fruit diameter, average fruit weight, or undersize fruit) to determine the potential peach production on appraised acreage.
- (4) Refer to exhibit 10 for the required number of representative sample trees.

30 Unharvested Appraisal Methods

A. Average Fruit Diameter

Step	Action
1	On each sample tree, count all of the fruit that can be expected to mature.
	Important: Do not count fruit on a single branch then multiply by the number of branches.

Step	Action
2	(a) On each sample tree, select a minimum of 10 mature representative sample fruit.
	(b) Use a caliper device to measure the diameter in inches of each fruit:
	(1) Total all such measurements;
	(2) Divide by 10 to calculate the average fruit diameter for such sample; and
	(3) Use the fruit diameter information in exhibit 7 to determine the number of fruit per bushel based on average fruit diameter.
3	 (a) Step 1 divide by step 2(b)(3) to calculate the bushels of fruit per sample tree rounded to hundredths.
	Example: Counted 125 fruit on sample tree, 10 representative sample fruit average measured diameter is 2 ¹ / ₄ inches which equals 176 fruit per bu.
	125 fruit ÷ 176 fruit per bu. = 0.71 bu. of fruit per tree (Enter this amount in item 12, "Bushels Remaining on Trees" on the appraisal worksheet).
	(b) Repeat steps 1 through 3 (a) for each sample tree.
4	Tally the number of bushels of fruit from all sample trees.
5	Step 4 results divided by the number of sample trees to calculate average bushels, rounded to hundredths, of fruit per tree.
6	Determine the number of bearing trees per acre.
7	Step 5 results multiplied by step 6 to calculate the per-acre appraisal in bushels rounded to tenths (enter this amount in item 17, "Appraised Bushels per Acre" on the appraisal worksheet).

A. Average Fruit Diameter (Continued)

Reminder: Show all such calculations in the Remarks section of the appraisal worksheet or on a Special Report form.

B. Average Fruit Weight

Step	Action
1	On each sample tree, count all of the fruit that can be expected to mature.
	Important: Do not count fruit on a single branch then multiply by the number of branches.
2	(a) On each sample tree, select a minimum of 10 mature representative sample fruit.
	(b) Total weight of all ten peaches and divide by 10 to calculate the average peach weight in pounds rounded to hundredths.
3	Step 1 multiplied by step 2(b) to calculate average pounds of mature peaches per tree rounded to hundredths.
4	 (a) Step 3 results divided by 50.0 lbs./bu. of fruit per tree, rounded to hundredths.
	Example: Counted 125 fruit on the sample tree. 10 representative sample fruit weigh 2.70 lbs.
	Average weight per fruit is 0.27 lbs. (2.70 lbs. ÷ 10 fruit).
	> 125 fruit x 0.27 lbs. per fruit = 33.75 lbs.
	 33.75 lbs. ÷ 50.0 lbs./bu. = 0.68 bu. of fruit on sample tree (enter this amount in item 12, "Bushels Remaining on Trees" on the appraisal worksheet).
	(b) Repeat steps 1 through 4(a) for each sample tree.
5	Tally the number of bushels of fruit from all sample trees.
6	Step 5 divided by the number of sample trees to calculate average number of bushels, rounded to hundredths, of fruit per tree.
7	Determine the number of bearing trees per acre.
8	Step 6 results multiplied by step 7 to calculate the per-acre appraisal in bushels rounded to tenths (enter this amount in item 17, "Appraised Bushels per Acre" on the appraisal worksheet).

C. Undersize Fruit

Calculate the per-acre appraisal as follows:

Step	Action
1	On each sample tree, harvest and weigh all fruit in pounds rounded to hundredths.
2	(a) Step 1 divided by 50.0 lbs./bu. to calculate bushels of fruit per sample tree rounded to hundredths.
	Example: Harvested 18.00 lbs. of undersize peaches ÷ 50.0 lbs./bu. = 0.36 bu. (enter in item 12, "Bushels Remaining on Trees" on the appraisal worksheet).
	(b) Repeat steps 1 through 2 (a) for each sample tree.
3	Tally the number of bushels of fruit from all sample trees.
4	Step 3 divided by number of sample trees to calculate the average bushels of fruit per tree.
5	Determine the number of bearing trees per acre.
6	Step 4 multiplied by step 5 to calculate the per-acre appraisal in bushels rounded to tenths (enter this amount in item 17, "Appraised Bushels per Acre" on the appraisal worksheet).

31 Harvested Appraisal Methods

A. Representative Tree Appraisals

Step	Action
	The adjuster and insured will jointly select representative sample trees that reflect the type and severity of insured crop damage in the unit/orchard.
2	The adjuster shall make arrangements to be present when the insured harvests the representative sample trees.

A. Representative Tree Appraisals (Continued)

Step	Action	
3	During the field inspection, the adjuster shall:	
	(a) Select sample peaches for grading/QA from the harvested samples as described in paragraph 27 or paragraph 28, as applicable;	
	(b) Determine the amount of appraised potential production on each sample tree as described in subparagraphs 30A-C; and	
	(c) Document the amount of potential appraised production on the appraisal worksheet.	
	Important: Document any applicable QA information on the PW or Special Report, as applicable.	

B. Harvested Acreage Appraisals

Step	Action
1	Prior to harvest, estimate the gross amount of potential production on unharvested acreage.
2	After harvest, compare the estimated gross potential production for unharvested acreage to the actual gross production from harvested acreage.
3	If the unharvested potential production is comparable to the harvested production, use the average yield per acre from harvested acreage as the appraisal per acre for unharvested acreage.
4	Use this method only when the harvested acreage can be verified as being representative of the unharvested acreage and there is no QA.
	Exception : When such appraised acreage is eligible for QA, do not use the harvested acreage appraisal method, use representative tree appraisal method above.

A. Immature Peach Appraisal Deviation

(1) Authorization

As stated in the LAM, AIPs must request written authorization from PASD and/or RMSD for using an immature appraisal deviation (refer to the LAM).

(2) **Deviation Requirements**

- (a) Use this deviation to appraise peach acreage when insureds:
 - (i) Do not wish to maintain freeze-damage fruit on the trees;
 - (ii) Pick or drop damaged fruit to the ground to control disease and insects;
 - (iii) Remove freeze-damaged trees; and
 - (iv) Want the acreage released.
- (b) Use this appraisal deviation until the peach crop reaches general maturity.

Important: For appraisals conducted after general maturity, use the approved appraisal procedures in paragraphs 30 and 31.

(3) Worksheet Factors

Consult peach experts, CES, peach grower/marketing groups, peach researchers, or grower records to obtain a survival factor and the average number of fruit per pound in the state/county. Identify source of such survival factor and number of fruit per pound in the Remarks section of the worksheet.

(4) Appraisal Deviation Calculations

(a) Refer to the exhibit 4 for an example Peach Appraisal Deviation/Modification Worksheet.

(b)	Calculate the per-acre appraisal for fresh or processing peaches as follows.

Step	Action
1	Determine the number of sample trees in accordance with exhibit 10.
2	Select representative sample trees in accordance with paragraph 23.
3	Count all damaged and undamaged fruit on each sample tree. Tally fruit counts from all sample trees.
4	Separately divide the number of fruit on each sample tree (from step 3) by the number of sample trees to calculate the average number of fruit per tree.

A. Immature Peach Appraisal Deviation (Continued)

(4) Appraisal Deviation Calculations (Continued)

Step	Action		
5	Multiply the average number of fruit per tree by the "Survival Factor" to calculate the average number of fruit to count.		
	Reminder: Obtain such factor from peach experts, CES, peach grower/marketing groups, peach researchers, or grower records. Identify source for such information in the Remarks section of the worksheet.		
6	Divide the average number of fruit to count by the average number of fruit per pound to calculate pounds of fruit per tree.		
	Reminder: Obtain such average fruit per pound from peach experts, CES, peach grower/marketing groups, peach researchers, or grower records. Identify source for such information in the remarks section of the worksheet.		
7	Multiplied the pounds of fruit per tree by the number of trees per acre to calculate the total pounds of fruit per acre.		
8	Divide the total pounds of fruit per acre by 50 pounds per bushel to calculate the number of bushels of fruit per acre.		
	Example: Adjuster counted 425 fruit on 5 sample trees.		
	> $425 \div 5 = 85$ average number of fruit per tree		
	 85 fruit per tree x 0.90 (survival factor) = 76.5 average fruit/tree to count 		
	> $76.5 \div 4.0$ fruit/lb. = 19.1 lbs. of fruit/tree		
	19.1 lbs. fruit/tree x 100 trees/acre = 1,910.0 lbs. fruit/acre		
	 1,910.00 lbs. ÷ 50 lbs./bu. = 38.2 bu. of appraised fruit/acre 		

B. Fresh Peach Wind or Hail Damage Appraisal Modification

(1) Authorization

Refer to the LAM for instructions on using appraisal modifications.

(2) Modification Requirements

- (a) The AIP may authorize the use of the following guidelines to determine the percent damage to fresh peaches due to wind and/or hail when:
 - (i) There is inadequate price information for determining a QA factor; or
 - (ii) The price per bushel for damaged production appears to be inequitable.
- (b) Use this modification only under the exceptional circumstances described herein.

(3) Modification Calculations

(a) Select a sample of damaged peaches that are representative of the severity of wind or hail damaged fresh peaches on insured acres.

(b)	Categorize the	severity of	damage of each	n sample fruit	t using the table below.	
(-)						

IF aggregate of all hail and/or wind scars is	THEN the group number and percent loss are
No larger than 1/8 inch in diameter and all scars are well healed.	Group I: No Loss
More than 1/8 inch in diameter but not more than 1/4 inch in diameter and all scars are well healed.	Group II: 25% Loss
More than 1/4 inch in diameter but not more than 3/8 inch in diameter. No hail scars more than 1/8 inch deep. All scars are well healed.	Group III: 50% Loss
More than 3/8 inch in diameter but not more than 1/2 inch in diameter. No hail scars more than 1/4 inch deep. All scars are well healed.	Group IV: 75% Loss
All damage in excess of above.	Group V: 100% Loss

(c) Tally the number of sample peaches in each group and enter results on the appraisal worksheet.

B. Fresh Peach Wind or Hail Damage Appraisal Modification (Continued)

(3) Modification Calculations (Continued)

(d) Calculate the QA factor rounded to three-decimal places.

Reminder: Refer to the instructions in exhibit 3 for calculating the QA factor.

(e) Refer to exhibit 4 for example worksheet.

33 General Information for Appraisal Worksheet Entries and Completion Procedures

- (1) Include the AIP's name in the appraisal worksheet title if not preprinted on the AIP's worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the AIP) or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (3) Complete a separate appraisal worksheet for each unit/orchard/block inspected, as applicable, and for acreage damaged by uninsured causes.
- (4) Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in exhibit 3. Example appraisal worksheets are provided to illustrate how to complete entries (except the last three items on the appraisal worksheet).
- (5) For every inspection, complete all applicable column entries on the appraisal worksheet.
- (6) For zero appraisals, refer to the LAM.
- (7) Refer to the LAM for information on determining perennial crop acreage.

34-40 (Reserved)

PART 4 PRODUCTION WORKSHEET

41 General Information for Production Worksheet Entries and Completion Information

- (1) The PW is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections (including "No Indemnity Due" claims) on a unit.
- (2) Instructions labeled "Preliminary" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "Final" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to all inspections.
- (3) If a PW has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed:
 - (a) If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line;
 - (b) The adjuster and the insured shall initial any line deletions.
- (4) When there is fresh and processing production on the same unit, use separate Production Worksheets to document fresh and processing production.
- (5) In the absence of acceptable records of disposition of harvested peaches, the disposition and amount of production to count for the unit will be the guarantee on the unit.
- (6) List names of insured peach varieties in the Narrative or on a Special Report, as applicable.
- (7) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding:
 - (a) Acreage report errors;
 - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims;
 - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage), and cases involving uninsured COLs, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation;
 - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form, (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reasons described in the LAM); and
 - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an appraisal or notification from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee).
- (8) If the AIP determines the claim is to be denied, refer to the LAM for PW completion instructions.
- (9) The adjuster is responsible for determining if any of the insured's requirements under the notice and claim provisions have not been met. If any have not, the adjuster shall contact the AIP.
- (10) Standard PW items are numbered consecutively in exhibit 5.

42-50 (Reserved)

November 2020

Acronyms and Abbreviations

The following table provides the acronyms and abbreviations used in this handbook.

Approved Acronym/Abbreviation	Term
AIP	Approved Insurance Provider
АРН	Actual Production History
BP	Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions
CAT	Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement
CES	Cooperative Extension Service
CIH	Crop Insurance Handbook
CLU	Common Land Unit
СоБо	Commercially Objectionable Foreign Odor
COL	Cause of Loss
СР	Crop Provisions
DSSH	Document and Supplemental Standards Handbook
FCIC	USDA Federal Crop Insurance Corporation
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FN	FSA Farm Number
FSA	USDA Farm Service Agency
GSH	General Standards Handbook
GPS	Global Positioning System
KD	Total Defects
LAM	Loss Adjustment Manual
LASH	Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook
PASD	Product Administration Standards Division
PAW	Producer's Pre-acceptance Worksheet
QA	Quality Adjustment
RMA	USDA Risk Management Agency
RMSD	Risk Management Services Division
RPAM	Randon Path Appraisal Method
SP	Special Provisions of Insurance
ТМА	Transitional Yield Map Area
TW	Test Weight
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
UUF	Uninsured Unavoidable Fire

Definitions

Bearing Tree – A tree in at least the fourth (4th) growing season after set out.

<u>Block</u> – Trees, vines, or bushes in an orchard, vineyard, or bog, of a single or mixed age and density, separated by applicable practice, type, variety, different TMA or other characteristics shown in the actuarial documents.

<u>Bushel</u> – A bushel is fifty pounds of peaches.

<u>First Handler</u> – A person or entity that takes possession of, or purchases, the insured crop for the purpose of acting as an intermediary in the marketing/sales process.

Harvest – The picking or removal of mature peaches from the trees either by hand or machine.

<u>Marketable</u> – Peach production acceptable for processing or other human consumption even if failing to meet any U.S. or applicable state grading standard.

<u>Post production costs</u> – The costs, as specified in the SP associated with activities that occur during harvesting, packing, transportation, and marketing as determined by FCIC using regional peach price data of peach production budgets from regional respective universities extensions, and other USDA agencies, and other third party resources.

<u>Survival Factor</u> – The percent of fruit per tree that is expected to reach maturity during a normal crop year in a given county or state and is used to calculate the amount of appraised peach production on the Immature Peach Appraisal Deviation Worksheet.

Exhibit 2

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet

Verify and/or make the following entries for each appraisal worksheet element/item number. A completed appraisal worksheet example is at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 33.

Element/Item Number	Standard
Company Name	Name of AIP if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company
	Name).
Claim Number	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
1.	Insured's Name	Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal
		entity) to whom the policy is issued.
2.	Policy Number	Insured's assigned policy number.
3.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year as defined in the policy for which the claim
		is filed.
4.	Unit Number	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified
		to be correct.
5.	Cause(s) of Damage	Name of the insured COL for this crop as listed in the LAM.
		Refer to the BP and CP for information pertaining to insured
		and uninsured COLs.
		If an insured COL is listed as "Other," explain in the Remarks.
		Important: If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter
		"None."
6.	Date of Damage	First three letters of the month during which most of the insured
		damage (including progressive damage) occurred.
		Include the specific date in MM/DD/YYYY format where
		applicable, as in the case of hail damage.
7.	Appraisal Date	Appraisal date in MM/DD/YYYY format.
8.	Unit Acres	Unit acreage, for the unit listed in item 4, rounded to tenths.

PART 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

PART 2: APPRAISAL INFORMATION

Element/Item Number	Standard
9. Orchard ID	Block/orchard/suborchard identification symbol.
10. Appraised Acres	Block/orchard/suborchard appraised acres, rounded to tenths.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
11.	Variety/Type	Applicable peach variety name and type code.
		Example : Flavorich/107, Hamlet/107, and so forth.
12.	Bushels Remaining on Trees	For each representative sample tree, enter the number of bushels of mature peaches, rounded to hundredths.
		Important: As applicable, use the average fruit diameter, average fruit weight, or undersized fruit method for determining the bushels of mature fruit remaining on the sample tree. Explain in the Remarks or on a Special Report. Use only one fruit count method to determine number of fruit per tree for acreage being appraised.
13.	Total Bushels	By line, the sum of all item 12 entries, in bushels, to hundredths.
14.	Total Number of Sample Trees	By line, the total number of representative sample trees from item 12.
15.	Bushels per Sample	Item 13 divided by item 14, results in bushels, rounded to hundredths.
16.	Trees per Acre	Number of bearing trees per acre, as determined by the adjuster.
17.	Appraised Bushels per Acre	Item 15 multiplied by item 16, results in bushels, rounded to tenths.
		For insured cause appraisals : Transfer this entry to item 31 (Appraised Potential) on the PW .
		For uninsured cause appraisals : Refer to PW column 37 (Unins. Causes) instructions, herein.

PART 3: WIND-HAIL DAMAGE APPRAISAL MODIFICATION INFORMATION (FOR FRESH PEACHES ONLY)

Use this section only when authorized by the AIP. Refer to subparagraph 32B for additional information.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
18.	Number of Peaches Sampled	Total number of fresh peaches sampled that are representative of the severity and number of wind and/or hail damaged fresh peaches on the appraised acreage.
		Example: "100", "300", "500" and so forth.
19.	Number	From the sample peaches in item 18 above, tally the number of wind and/or hail damaged peaches qualifying for each percent damage group (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100%) listed in the wind and/or hail appraisal modification guidelines in subparagraph 32B(3).

	Element/Item Number	Standard
20.		By line, number of peaches in each percentage group multiplied
		by the corresponding percent of damage (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%,
		and 100%) results rounded to tenths. If 0 (zero) enter 0 (zero).
21.	Total	Total number of fruit from all item 20 entries.
22.	Number Sampled	Transfer entry from item 18.
23.	% Lost	(a) Item 21 divided by item 22, results rounded to three decimal places.
		(b) Subtract the % Lost, calculated in 23(a) above, from 1.000 and enter results in item 35 (Quality Factor) on the PW.
		Example : $1.000 - (227.8 \div 500) = 0.544$.
24.	Remarks	 List and/or explain date harvest began or is expected to begin for variety(ies) listed on the appraisal worksheet.
		(2) Any pertinent information that pertains to the inspection as follows:
		(a) List uninsured cause(s) of damage;
		 (b) Reason(s) for using percent damage calculations in lieu of price per bushel for wind and/or hail damaged peaches;
		 (c) Reason(s) for using less than 100 sample fruit per tree for QA, unit acreage;
		(d) Legal description;
		Example: FSA FN, Section, Township, Range.
		(e) tree spacing on inspected acreage.
The	required entries below are n	ot illustrated on the following example Appraisal Worksheets.
25.	Signature of Adjuster, Code Number, and Date	Signature of the adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to the signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Remarks section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the PW.
26.	Signature of Insured and Date	Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. Before obtaining the signature, review all entries on the appraisal worksheet with the insured, (or insured's authorized representative), particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
27.	Page Number	Page number(s).
		Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, etc.

PEACH APPRAISAL WORKSHEET (Average Fruit Diameter Example)

(For Illustration Purposes Only)

Claim Number: XXXXXXX Any Company Company: PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION 1. Insured's Name: . Policy Number: 3. Crop Year: 4. Unit Number: I. M. Insured XXXXXXXX YYYY 0001-0001BU 6. Date(s) of Damage: 5. Cause(s) of Damage or Loss: 7. Appraisal Date: 8. Unit Acre: Hail MM/DD/YYYY MM/DD/YYYY 46.0 PART II: APPRAISAL INFORMATION Appraised Total Number Bushels per Bushels Orchard Appraised of Sample Sample per Acre ID Acres Variety/Type Bushels Remaining on Trees Total Bushels Trees $(13 \div 14)$ Trees per Acre (15 x 16) 11. 12 13. 16. 9. 10. 14. 15. 17. 10.0 A-1 Flavorich/107 .60 .70 .80 .70 .70 3.50 5 0.70 95 66.5 .70 15.0 Hamlet/107 .70 .90 .80 .50 .40 A-2 4.00 6 0.67 95 63.7 Rubyprince/107 .50 .40 .50 .30 A-3 12.5 .30 .50 2.50 6 0.42 95 39.9 PART III WIND - HAIL DAMAGE APPRAISAL MODIFICATION INFORMATION 24. Remarks: FSA FN A-32, tree spacing 17' x 27', Flavorich variety eligible for QA. Number of Peaches Sampled 18. Orchard A-1 Sample Tree Calculations: Used average fruit diameter method 19. 20 Number x 0% = Sample 1: Avg. dia. 2³/₄" = 120 fruit/bu. Counted 72 fruit/tree ÷ 120 fruit/bu. = 0.60 bu./tree x 25% = Number Sample 2: Avg. dia. 3" = 100 fruit/bu. Counted 70 fruit/tree ÷ 100 fruit/bu. = 0.70 bu./tree x 50% = Number Sample 3: Avg. dia. $2\frac{3}{4}$ " = 120 fruit/bu. Counted 96 fruit/tree ÷ 120 fruit/bu. = 0.80 bu./tree Number x 75% = Sample 4: Avg. dia. 2¹/₂" = 140 fruit/bu. Counted 98 fruit/tree ÷ 140 fruit/bu. = 0.70 bu./tree x 100% =Number Sample 5: Avg. dia. 2¹/₂" = 140 fruit/bu. Counted 98 fruit/tree ÷ 140 fruit/bu. = 0.70 bu./tree 21. TOTAL: ÷ 22. No. Sampled = 23. % Lost Factor See Special Report for Orchard A-2 and A-3 sample tree calculations.

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet (Continued)

PEACH APPRAISAL WORKSHEET (Wind-Hail Damage Appraisal Modification Example - Fresh Peaches)

(For Illustration Purposes Only)

XXXXXXXXX Any Company Claim Number: Company: PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION 1. Insured's Name: Policy Number: Crop Year: 4. Unit Number: I. M. Insured XXXXXXXX YYYY 0001-0002BU 6. Date(s) of Damage: 5. Cause(s) of Damage or Loss: 7. Appraisal Date: 8. Unit Acre: Hail MM/DD/YYYY MM/DD/YYYY 10.0 PART II: APPRAISAL INFORMATION Appraised Total Number Bushels per Bushels Orchard Appraised of Sample Sample per Acre ID Acres Variety/Type Bushels Remaining on Trees Total Bushels Trees $(13 \div 14)$ Trees per Acre (15 x 16) 13. 10. 11. 12. 16. 9. 14. 15. 17. **B-1** 2.5 Juneprince/108 .60 .80 .50 1.00 .60 3.50 5 0.70 100 70.0 2.5 Saturn/<mark>108</mark> .90 1.00 **B-2** .50 .40 .60 3.40 5 0.68 110 74.8 PART III WIND - HAIL DAMAGE APPRAISAL MODIFICATION INFORMATION 500 24. Remarks: No price available for hail-damaged "Saturn" peaches, completed Part III. Used a 500 Number of Peaches Sampled 18. fruit damaged sample to determine percent of hail damage. Orchard B-1 Average Fruit Weight Method 85 0.00 x 0% = 20. Calculations for item 12 below. 19. Number 125 31.25 Sample tree 1: 100 fruit/tree x 0.30 lbs. avg. fruit = 30.0 lbs./tree ÷ 50 lbs./bu. = 0.60 bu./tree x 25% Number 135 67.50 Sample tree 2: 110 fruit/tree x 0.36 lbs. avg. fruit wt. = 40.0 lbs./tree ÷ 50 lbs./bu. = 0.80 bu./tree x 50% = Number 78.00 104 Sample tree 3: 71 fruit/tree x 0.35 lbs. avg. fruit wt. = 25.0 lbs./tree \div 50 lbs./bu. = 0.50 bu./tree Number x 75% = 51 51.00 Sample tree 4: 125 fruit/tree x 0.40 avg. fruit wt. = 50.0 lbs./tree \div 50 lbs./bu. = 1.00 bu./tree Number x 100% = Sample tree 5: 67 fruit/tree x 0.45 avg. fruit wt. = 30.0 lbs./tree ÷ 50 lbs./bu. = 0.60 bu./tree 227.8 **500** = 23. % Lost 0.544 21. TOTAL: ÷ 22. No. Sampled See Special Report for Orchard B-2 Calculations for item 12. Factor

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

Verify and/or make the following entries for each appraisal worksheet element/item number. A completed appraisal worksheet example is at the end of this exhibit.

For wind-hail appraisal modifications, complete either a fruit weight or fruit size appraisal worksheet to calculate the amount of appraised production to count. Complete an appraisal modification/deviation worksheet to calculate the QA factor.

Element/Item Number	Standard
Company Name	Name of AIP if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company
	Name).
Claim Number	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
1.	Insured's Name	Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal
		entity) to whom the policy is issued.
2.	Policy Number	Insured's assigned policy number.
3.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year as defined in the policy for which the claim
		is filed.
4.	Unit Number	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified
		to be correct.
5.	Unit Acres	Unit acreage, for the unit listed in item 4, rounded to tenths.
6.	Number of Trees per Acre	The number of bearing trees per acre as determined by the
		adjuster.
7.	Cause(s) of Damage	Name of the insured COL for this crop as listed in the LAM.
		Refer to the BP and CP for information pertaining to insured
		and uninsured COLs.
		If an insured COL is listed as "Other," explain in the Remarks.
8.	Date(s) of Damage	First three letters of the month during which most of the insured
		damage (including progressive damage) occurred.
		Include the specific date in MM/DD/YYYY format where
		applicable, as in the case of hail damage.
9.	Crop Type/Name	Applicable crop type/name (Fresh Peaches or Processing
		Peaches).
10.	Appraisal Date	Appraisal date in MM/DD/YYYY format.

PART 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

PART 2: APPRAISAL INFORMATION

Element/Item Number	Standard
	A: FRUIT COUNT
11. Orchard ID	Field identification symbol.
12. Acres in Plot	Number of determined acres to tenths in unit/block being
	appraised.

Form Standards – Appraisal Deviation/Modification Worksheet (Continued)

	Element/Item Number	Standard
13.	Fruit Count – Number of	Separately total the number of damaged and undamaged fruit
	Fruit from Each Sample	from each sample tree.
	Tree	1
14.	Total Fruit	Total number of fruit from all trees in item 13.
15.	Number of Samples	Total number of samples taken from item 13.
16.	Average Fruit/	Item 14 divided by item 15, result rounded to tenths.
	Tree	
	B	PRODUCTION TO COUNT
17.	Average Fruit/Tree	Transfer entry from item 16.
18.	Survival Factor	Enter applicable survival factor as a two-place decimal.
		Reminder: Identify the source for such factor in the Remarks.
19.	Average Fruit to Count	Item 17 multiplied by item 18, results rounded to tenths.
20.	Average No. of Fruit/Pound	Enter applicable average number of fruit per pound.
		Reminder: Identify the source for such fruit information in the
		Remarks.
21.	Pounds/Tree	Item 19 divided by item 20, results in pounds, rounded to tenths.
22.	Number of Trees/Acre	Transfer entry from item 6.
23.	Pounds/Acre	Item 21 multiplied by item 22, result rounded to whole pounds.
24.	Pounds/Bushel	Enter "50.0."
25.	Appraised Bushels/Acre	Item 23 divided by item 24, results in bushels, rounded to
		tenths.

PART 3: WIND-HAIL DAMAGE APPRAISAL MODIFICATION INFORMATION (FOR FRESH PEACHES ONLY)

Use this section only when authorized by the AIP. Refer to paragraph 32 for additional information.

Ε	lement/Item Number	Standard
-	Number of Peaches Sampled	For fresh peach acreage appraised for such wind-hail appraisal modification:
		(a) Select representative sample trees in accordance with exhibit 10.
		(b) Total the number of fresh peaches from all sample trees that are representative of the severity and number of wind and/or hail damage.
		Example: "100," "300," "500" etc.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
27.	Number	 (a) Split out the number of peaches sampled into groups by percent damage (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% using the information in subparagraph 32B(3). (b) Separately multiply the number of fruit in each group by the percent damage, round results to hundredths. Example: 85 fruit with 0% damage, 85 x 0.00 = 0.00
		125 fruit with 25% damage, 125 x 0.25 = 31.25 135 fruit with 50% damage, 135 x 0.50 = 67.50, etc.
28.	Total Number	Total results of items 27(a) through 27(e) calculations.
		Example: 0.00 + 31.25 + 67.50 + 78.00 + 51.00 = 227.80
29.	Total	Transfer entry from item 26.
30.	% Lost Factor	(a) Item 28 divided by item 29, result rounded to three decimal places.
		(b) Transfer entry to item 35, "Quality Factor" on the PW.
31.	Remarks	Document any information that pertains to the inspection. Identify the source of information for survival factor and average number fruit per pound. Identify farm number, variety,
	The following required	entries are not illustrated on the worksheet example.
32.	Adjuster's Signature, Code Number, and Date	 (a) Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed.
		(b) If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Remarks section of the appraisal worksheet; otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the PW.
33.	Insured's Signature and Date	(a) Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature.
		(b) Before obtaining the insured's signature, review all entries on the appraisal worksheet with the insured or insured's authorized representative, particularly explaining codes which may not be readily understood.
34.	Page Number	Page numbers.
		Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, etc.

Exhibit 4

Form Standards – Appraisal Deviation/Modification Worksheet (Continued)

Example – Appraisal Deviation

(Company: Any Compar	ny													Cla	aim Number	: XX	XXXXX
Р	ART I: GENERAL	L INFC	ORMATIO	Ν														
1.	. Insured's Name									2. 1	Policy Numbe	r	3. Crop Ye	ear	4. Unit l	Number	5. Unit	Acres
			I. M. Ins								XXXXXX		YYY		0001-0	0003BU		10.0
6.	Number of Trees per Ac	ere	7. Caus	se of D	amage			8. Da	ate of Dam	nage		9. Crop	o Type/Name			10. Appra	isal Dat	e:
100			Hail				May 13				Fresh P	eaches		MM/DD/YYYY				
]	PART II: IMMATU	URE P	EACH AP	PRA	ISAL	DEV	IATIC)N										
									A: FRI	ЛТ (COUNT							
1	1. Orchard ID	12. A Plot	Acres in			Num			uit Count om Each S	ampl	e Tree		14. Tota	l Fruit	-	umber of mples		16. Average Fruit/Tree (14 ÷ 15)
	A		5.0	80	83	85	87	90					423	5		5		85.0
								B: P	RODUCT	FION	TO COUNT							
	17. Average Fruit/Tre	ee 1	18. Survival I			verage F to Cour 18 x 19)	Fruit nt 20		age No of		Pounds/Tree (19 ÷20)	22. 1	Number of Trees/Acre		inds/Acre x 22)	24. Pounds	/Bushel	25. Appraised Bushels/Acre (23 ÷ 24)
	85.0		0.90		76.5				.0		19.1		100 1,		50.0)	38.2
PA	RT III: WIND - HA	AIL DA	AMAGE A	PPR	AISA	L MO	DIFI	CATI	ON									
26. N	umber of Peaches Sample	ed:								3	31. Remarks:							
27.	a. Number:			2	x 0% =													
	b. Number:			x	25% =	-												
	c. Number:			х	50% =													
	d. Number:			х	: 75% =													
	e. Number:			x	100% =	-) -												
	-			28. T	otal Nu	mber:												
29.	From Item 26				Lost F 28 ÷ 29)	actor:												
		-										-			-			

For Illustration Purposes Only. This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

Exhibit 4

Form Standards – Appraisal Deviation/Modification Worksheet (Continued)

Example – Quality Factor Calculations

	Company: Any Compan	ıy					_						Cla	im Numbe	r: XX	XXXXX
P	ART I: GENERAL	INFOR	MATIC	DN												
1	. Insured's Name								2. Policy Numbe	r	3. Crop Y	ear	4. Unit N	Number	5. Unit	Acres
I. M. Insured									XXXXXX		YYY		0001-0	001BU		
6. Number of Trees per Acre 7. Cause of Damage						8. Date of Damage			9. Crop	9. Crop Type/Name			10. Appraisal Date:		e:	
	100				Hail		Λ	1ay	13		Fresh P	eaches			MM/DD	D/YYYY
]	PART II: IMMATU	JRE PEA	CH AP	PRA	ISAL I	DEVIATI	ION									
							A: Fl	RUI	T COUNT							
	1. Orchard ID	12. Acre	es in	13.			Fruit Cou	nt					15 N	umber of		16. Average
		Plot				Number o	of Fruit from Each Sample Tree				14. Total Fruit			mples		Fruit/Tree (14 ÷ 15)
																· · ·
	<i>C-2</i>	2.	0													
								CTI			7					
					10 4		B: PRODU		ION TO COUNT							25 Annualized
			19. Average Fruit to Count				20. Average No of 21. Pounds/Tree				Number of	23. Pounds/Acre				25. Appraised Bushels/Acre
	17. Average Fruit/Tre	e 18.	Survival	urvival Factor (18 x 19)		s x 19)	Fruit/Pound		(19 ÷20)	(19 ÷20) T1		(21 x 22)		24. Pounds/Bushel		(23 ÷ 24)
PA	RT III: WIND - HA	AIL DAM	IAGE A	APPR	AISAI	. MODIF	TICATION		Y							
26. N	lumber of Peaches Sample	ed:			50	00			31. Remarks:	FSA I	FN A-110					
27.	a. Number:	85			x 0% =		0.00									
	b. Number:	125		2	x 25% =		31.25									
	c. Number:	135		2	x 50% =		67.50									
	d. Number:	104		2	x 75% =		78.00									
	e. Number:	51		x	100% =		51.00									
				28. T	otal Nun	nber:	227.8									
29.	From Item 26	500			5 Lost Fac (28 ÷ 29)	ctor:	0.456									

For Illustration Purposes Only.

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.).

Form Standard – Production Worksheet

Verify and/or make the following entries for each PW element/item number. A completed PW for peaches is at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 41.

E	ement/Item Number	Standard
1.	Crop/ Code #	Peaches (0034).
2.	Unit #	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct.
3.	Location Description	Land location that identifies the legal description and, if available, the location of the unit (e.g., section, township, and range; FSA FN; FSA CLU and tract numbers; GPS identifications; or Grid identifications) as applicable for the crop.
4.	Date(s) of Damage	First three letters of the month(s) during which the determined insured damage occurred for the inspection and COLs listed in item 5 below. If no entry in item 5 below, make no entry.
		For progressive damage, enter in chronological order the month that identifies when the majority of the insured damage occurred. Include the specific date where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., Aug 11).
		Enter additional dates of damage in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document the additional dates of damage in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below.
5.	Cause(s) of Loss	If there is no insurable COL, and a no indemnity due claim will be completed, make no entry. Name of the determined insured COL for this crop as listed in the LAM
		for the date of damage listed in item 4 above for this inspection. If an insured COL is coded as "Other," explain in the Narrative.
		Enter additional COLs in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document the additional determined insured causes of damage in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below.
		If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NO INDEMNITY DUE" across the columns in item 5 (refer to the LAM for more information on no indemnity due claims).

Element/Item Number		Standard							
<mark>6.</mark>	Insured Cause %	Preliminary: Make no entry.							
	 Final: Whole percent of damage for the insured cause of damage listed in item 5 above for this inspection. Enter additional "Insured Cause %" in the extra spaces, as needed. If additional space is needed, enter the additional determined "Insured Cause %" in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). The total of all "Insured Cause %" including those entered in the Narrative must equal 100%. If there is no insurable COL, and a no indemnity due claim will be completed, make no entry. 				use %" r the a ose				
		Example : Entries for items 4 – 6 and the Narrative, reflecting entries for multiple dates of damage, the corresponding insured causes of damage, and insured cause percentages:							
			4. Date(s) of Damage:	MAY	JUN 30	JUN 30	AUG	AUG]
			5. Cause(s) of Damage	Excess Moisture	Tornado	Hail	Drought	Heat	
			6. Insured Cause %	10	20	15	25	20	
			Narrative: <i>Additio</i> <i>Cause</i>	onal date of a of Damage -			e% is 10%.		
7.	Company/Agency	Name of the AIP and agency servicing the contract.							
8.	Name of Insured		Name of the insured that identifies exactly the person (legal entity) to			y) to			
		whom the policy is issued.							
9.	Claim #	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.							
10.	Policy #	Insured's assigned policy number.							
11.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.							
12.	Additional Units	Preliminary: Make no entry.Final: Unit number(s) for ALL non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a PW has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single PW.							
		If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers, identified as "Non-Loss Units," in the Narrative or on an attached Special Report.							

Element/Item Number	Standard		
13. Est. Prod. Per Acre	Preliminary: Make no entry.		
14. Date(s) Notice of	Final: Estimated yield per acre, in whole bushels, of all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.Preliminary:		
Loss	r commuty.		
	 (a) Date the first or second notice of damage or loss was given for the unit in item 2, in the 1st or 2nd space, as applicable. Enter the complete date for each notice in MM/DD/YYYY format. 		
	(b) A notice of damage or loss for a third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of PWs. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set of PWs.		
	(c) Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of PWs for the date of notice for the final inspection.		
	(d) If the inspection is initiated by the AIP, enter "Company Insp." instead of the date.		
	(e) If the notice does not require an inspection, document as directed in the Narrative instructions.		
	Final: Transfer the last date (in the 1st or 2nd space from the first or second set of PWs) to the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of PWs if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice in MM/DD/YYYY format for the "Final" inspection in the final space on the first page of the first set of PWs .		
	For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.		
15. Companion Policy(s)	(a) If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has 100 percent share), make no entry.		
	(b) In all cases where the insured has less than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the other person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "None."		
	 (1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the same AIP services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to AIP instructions. 		

Element/Item Number	Standard
15. Companion Policy(s) (Continued)	(2) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and a different AIP or agent services it, enter the name of the AIP and/or agent (and contract number) if known.
	(3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown" and contact the AIP for further instructions.
	(c) Refer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

Section I – Determined Acreage Appraised, Production, and Adjustments

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Types, irrigated practices, or organic practices, as applicable;
- (2) APH yields;
- (3) Appraisals;
- (4) Adjustments to appraised mature production (QA factors);
- (5) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (6) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (7) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

Element/Item Number	Standard
16. Field ID	Orchard/suborchard identification symbol from the appraisal
	worksheet, sketch map or aerial photograph, as applicable.
	Refer to the Narrative instructions.
17. Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop.
	Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding entry of first crop and second crop codes.
18. Reported Acres	In the event of over-reported acres, handle in accordance with the individual AIP's instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, enter the reported acres, to tenths, for the orchard or sub-orchard. If there are no under-reported acres, make no entry.
	Refer to the LAM or CIH for acreage determination instructions
	specific to perennial crops.

Element/Item Number	Standard
19. Determined Acres	Enter the determined acres to tenths (include "E" if estimated) for which consent is given for other use and/or:
	(a) Put to other use without consent;
	(b) Abandoned;
	(c) Damaged by uninsured causes;
	(d) For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production; or
	(e) From which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the CP.
	Acreage breakdowns within a unit may be estimated if a determination is impractical. Refer to the LAM for procedures regarding when estimated acres are allowed and documentation requirements.
	Account for all planted acreage in the unit.
	Refer to the LAM or CIH for definition of acceptable determined acres for perennial crops used herein.
20. Interest or Share	Insured's interest in the crop to three decimal places as determined at the time of inspection. If shares vary on the same unit, use separate line entries.
21. Risk	Make no entry.
22. Type	Three-digit type code entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the type grown by the insured.
	If "No Type Specified" or is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If a type (or variety) is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.
23. Class	Three-digit class code entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents.
	If "No Class" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit type code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If a class is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.

Element/Item Number	Standard
24. Sub-Class	Three-digit sub-class code entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the sub-class grown by the insured.
	If "No Sub-Class Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If a sub-class is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.
25. Intended Use	Three-digit intended use code, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the intended use of the crop grown by the insured.
	If "No Intended Use Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If an intended use is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.
26. Irr. Practice	Three-digit irrigated practice code entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the irrigated practice carried out by the insured.
	If "No Irrigated Practice Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If an irrigated practice is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.
27. Cropping Practice	Three-digit cropping practice code, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the cropping practice (or practice) carried out by the insured.
	If "No Cropping Practice or is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If a cropping practice (or practice) is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.
28. Organic Practice	Three-digit organic code entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the organic practice carried out by the insured.
	If "No Organic Practice Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997).
	If an organic practice is not specified on the actuarial documents, make no entry.

Element/Item Number	Standard			
29. Stage	Preliminary: Make no entry.			
	Final: Stage abbreviation as shown below:			
	Stage	Explanation		
	"р"	Acreage abandoned without consent, put to other use without consent, damaged solely by uninsured causes, or for which the insured failed to provide records of production which are acceptable to the AIP, or from which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the CP.		
	"H"	Harvested. Includes harvesting a portion of the crop on the acreage in a random manner, requiring an appraisal for any remaining production ("cherry" picking only part of the fruit on the trees). Enter an appraisal for any such remaining production on the PW in item 31 and/or, if applicable, an appraisal for uninsured damage in item 37.		
	"UH"	Unharvested or put to other use with consent.		
	"TZ"	UUF/Third Party Damage – Zero Production on Same Acreage.		
	"TA"	UUF/Third Party Damage – Appraised Production on on on Same Acreage.		
	"TH"	UUF/Third Party Damage – Harvested Production on Same Acreage.		
30. Use of Acreage		ge: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning. ng intended "Use of Acreage" abbreviations, as applicable:		
	Use	Explanation		
	"Bulldozed"	Use made of acreage.		
	"WOC"Other use without consent.			
	"SU"Solely uninsured.			
	"ABA"Abandoned without consent.			
	"Н"	Harvested.		
	"HI"Harvest Incomplete. "UH"Unharvested.			
	acreage was not	nded "Use of Acreage" entry. If the final use of the t as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. n a new line showing the correct "Use of Acreage."		
	Gleaned Acrea	ge: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.		
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Element/Item Number	Standard
31. Appraised Potential	Transfer the per-acre appraisal in bushels, to tenths, from item 17 on the appraisal worksheet.
	Refer to the appraisal methods and applicable appraisal worksheet for additional instructions.
	If there is no potential on "UH" acreage, enter "0.0" (zero). Refer to the LAM for procedures for documenting zero yield appraisals.
32a. Moisture %	Line through the column heading and enter " <i>Price of Damaged.</i> " Make the following entries in dollars and cents per bushel.
	 (a) For unharvested appraisals: Enter the fresh or processing price for such damaged production minus the post-production cost from the SP.
	Reminder: Refer to paragraph 27 or 28, as applicable, for information on prices for damaged peaches. Identify source of such price in the Narrative.
	(b) For wind and/or hail appraisals or no QA: Make no entry.
32b.Factor	Line through column heading and enter " <i>Price Election</i> ." Make the following entries in dollars and cents per bushel.
	(a) For unharvested appraisals: Enter the fresh or processing price election, as applicable.
	Important: Use the "Established Price" from the actuarial documents as the price election for buy up and CAT insureds.
	(b) For wind and/or hail appraisals or no QA: Make no entry.
33. Shell %, Factor, or Value	Make no entry.
34. Production Pre QA	Column 19 multiplied by column 31, results in bushels, rounded to tenths.
	If no entry in column 31, make no entry.

Element/Item Number	Standard		
35. Quality Factor	Make the following percent entries as three-place decimal not to exceed 1.000.		
	(a) For appraisals with QA:		
	(1) Column 32a divided by column 32b;		
	 (2) For wind hail appraisal modification only, transfer entry from item 23 (b) "% Lost Factor" on the appraisal worksheet. 		
	(b) For destruction orders:		
	 Under section 15 (j) of the BP, if due to insured causes, a Federal or State agency has ordered the appraised crop or production to be destroyed, enter the factor "0.000." 		
	(2) Instruct the insured to complete and submit a Certification Form stating the date the crop or production was destroyed and the method of destruction (refer to item 40 and the Narrative below). Refer to the LAM for additional information.		
	(3) Attach to the claim form, a copy of the completed Certification Form, destruction order, and any additional supporting QA documentation. For additional QA definitions, instructions, documentation, qualifications, and testing requirements, refer to the LAM. Also refer to the QA instructions in the Narrative, herein.		
36. Production Post-QA	Make the following entries in tons, rounded to tenths.		
	(a) No entry in column 35: Transfer entry from column 34.		
	(b) Entry in column 35: Column 34 multiplied by column 35.		

Element/Item Number	Standard		
37. Unins. Causes	Make the following entries in bushels, rounded to tenths.		
	For uninsured causes appraisals, column 19 (acres) multiplied by the per-acre appraisal in column 17 on the appraisal worksheet for uninsured causes or other documentation; otherwise, make no entry. If no uninsured causes, make no entry.		
	(a) Hail and Fire exclusion not in effect.		
	(1) Enter not less than the insured's production guarantee per acre in bushels rounded to tenths for the line, (calculate by multiplying the elected coverage level percentage times the approved APH yield per acre shown on the APH form) for any "P" stage acreage. On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged solely by uninsured causes separate from other production.		
	 (2) For acreage that is damaged partly by uninsured causes, enter the appraised uninsured loss of production per acre in bushels rounded to tenths. Refer to the LAM for information regarding assessing uninsured cause appraisals. 		
	(b) Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.		
	(c) Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to hail and fire exclusion appraisals.		
	(d) For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.		
38. Total to Count	Result of adding column 36 and column 37, results in bushels, to tenths.		
39. Total	Total determined acres (column 19), to tenths.		

Element/Item Number		Standard							
40. Quality	Check the applicable (A condition affecting the	unit's appraised and						
	harvested production (and a approved and						
	Qualifying QA Conditions								
	TW	Ergoty							
	KD	Garlicky	CoFo						
	Aflatoxin	Dark Roast	Other						
	Vomitoxin	Sclerotinia	None						
		gQA conditions checked,	in the Narrative or on a						
	Special Report:								
	indicated by location of	the level for each qualifyir y approved test results, and each testing facility that yo ng QA condition and the o	d the name and erifies the presence of						
	(2) Enter "See documentation included in the claim file include copy of the test facility certificate, grade cer summary or settlement sheet, etc., that documents th conditions).								
		nces or conditions are royed by Federal or							
	crop was de	injurious substance or con estroyed and the method of r on a Special Report.							
	destruction test results	mpleted Certification Forr order, and if possible, a co confirming the presence of or conditions.	opy of the laboratory						
	(c) Check "None" if	QA does not apply to the	unit's production.						
41. Mycotoxins exceed FDA, State or other health organization maximum limits.	Check "Yes" if any my identified as "Other") organization limits; oth	above (including any							
	Document in the Narra the production.	tive, or on a Special Repo	rt, the disposition of						
42. Totals	Total of entries in colu tenths.	mns 34, 36, 37 and 38, res	sults in bushels, to						
	If a column has no entr	ries, make no entry.							

Narrative Instructions

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the PW.

a.	When there is acreage that has been harvested that has fruit remaining on the trees
	(unharvested fruit): Explain entry in column 31 for such fruit that meets or exceeds the
	policy grade requirements.
b.	If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No Acreage Released," adjuster's initials, and
	date.
с.	If notice of damage was given and no inspection is necessary, enter the unit number(s), "No
	Inspection," date, and adjuster's initials. The insured's signature is not required.
d.	Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
e.	If there is an appraisal in column 37 for uninsured causes due to a hail/fire exclusion, show
	the original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.
f.	Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster's
	signature date on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal is not recorded on
	the appraisal worksheet.
g.	State that there is "No Other Fire Insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop
1	and it is determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
<u>h.</u>	Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.
i.	Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
j.	Explain any entry for "Production Not to Count" in column 62, and/or any production not
	included in column 56.
	Example: Harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately
1.	from insured acreage in the unit.
k. 1.	Explain a "No" checked in item 44 (Similar Damage).
1.	Attach a sketch map or aerial photograph to identify the total unit:
	(1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use;
	 (2) If uninsured causes are present; or (3) For unusual or controversial cases.
	(5) For unusual of controversial cases.
	Reminder: Indicate on the aerial photograph or sketch map, the disposition of acreage
	destroyed or put to other use with or without consent.
	desubyed of put to other use with or without consent.

Narrative Instructions (Continued)

m.	Explain any difference between date of inspection and signature dates. For an absentee
	insured, enter the date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the PW for signature.
n.	When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the
11.	code number of the other adjuster or supervisor and date of inspection.
0.	Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be
0.	distributed in accordance with the AIP's instructions.
<mark>p.</mark>	Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
q.	Document any authorized estimated acres shown in column 19 as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by AIP MM/DD/YYYY."
r.	Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the
	LAM.
s.	For production ordered to be destroyed by a Federal or State agency, due to presence of
	injurious substances or conditions, include a copy of all supporting documentation in the
	insured's claim file.
	(1) Explain any "0.000" factor entered in columns 35 and 65. Follow the documentation requirements listed in items 40 and 41 above.
	(2) Document the date the crop was destroyed and the method of destruction.
	Reminder: Refer to the LAM for additional documentation requirements.
t.	
	Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss is listed as
	Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss is listed as insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work.
<u>u.</u>	insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work.
u.	
u. v.	insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work.Explain losses due to fire where weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been
	insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work. Explain losses due to fire where weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed. Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
	insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work.Explain losses due to fire where weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed.Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is
v.	insects or disease. List the control measures used and explain why they did not work. Explain losses due to fire where weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed. Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.

Section II – Determined Harvested Production

- (1) When all acreage has been harvested, determine total production from warehouse receipts, packer/processor receipts, or farm management records (refer to the LAM for farm record requirements) verified by the adjuster and supported by written records from the first handler. This production will be the basis for computing losses from the insured and uninsured causes of damage on the PW.
- (2) Account for all harvested production (for all entities sharing in the crop) except production appraised before harvest and shown in Section I herein because the quantity cannot be determined later.
- (3) For production commercially stored, sold, etc., enter the name and address of storage facility, buyer, packing house, or processor as applicable in columns 49 through 52. For peaches otherwise disposed of, indicate the method of disposition (e.g., sold at roadside stand, etc.).

(4) The insured must maintain satisfactory records of all production sold. Verify any processing/packing house records.

Important: If acceptable sales records are not available, refer to the LAM.

- (5) If additional lines are necessary, enter data on a continuation sheet. Use separate lines for:
 - (a) Separate storage facilities;
 - (b) Different first handlers (buyers, packing houses, or processors);
 - (i) The insured must have maintained satisfactory records of all production sold or stored.
 - (ii) Verify any packing house or processor records.
 - (iii) In all localities, if the first handler was not a packer or processor, the production will be determined by the adjuster on the basis of available records.
 - (c) Harvested fruit of any type that failed to meet the applicable grade (quality) requirements because of insured damage;
 - (d) Varying shares on the same unit (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on same unit); and
 - (e) Harvested production from more than one insured practice or type and a separate approved APH yield has been established for each, the harvested production also must be entered on separate lines in columns 47a through 66 by type or practice.

If production has been commingled, refer to the LAM.

(6) There will generally be no harvested production entries in columns 47a through 66 for preliminary inspections.

Element/Item Number	Standard
43. Date Harvest	Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer
Completed	to the LAM for delayed notice or delayed claim information.
	Preliminary: Make no entry.
	Final:
	(a) The earlier of the date the entire acreage on the unit was (1)
	harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a
	combination of harvested, destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the
	calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

Element/Item Number	Standard
43. Date Harvest Completed (Continued)	(b) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvest, enter "Incomplete."
	(c) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), none of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "No Harvest."
	Important: If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer to the LAM.
44. Damage Similar to	Preliminary: Make no entry.
Other Farms in the	Final, Charly "War" or "No." Charly "War" if an ount and course of
Area?	Final : Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other
	orchards in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the Narrative.
45. Assignment of	Check "Yes" only if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop
Indemnity	year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH.
46. Transfer of Right to	Check "Yes" only if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the
Indemnity	unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH.
47a. Share 47b. Field ID	Record only varying shares on same unit to three decimal places.
4/b.Fleid ID	 (a) If only one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, make no entry.
	(b) If more than one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, and a separate approved APH yield exists, indicate for each practice/type, the corresponding Field ID (from column 16).
48. Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop. Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding entry of first crop and second crop codes.
49-52. Length or	For peaches that are stored or sold, enter the name and address of the
Diameter/Width/	buyer, packing house, or processor, as applicable. For peaches otherwise
Depth/Deduction	disposed of, indicate the method of disposition.
53-55. 56. Bu. Ton, Lbs., Cwt.	Make no entry. Circle "Bu." in column heading. Make the following entries in bushels, rounded to tenths:
	(a) Enter the amount of harvested marketable production from insured acreage.
	(b) As applicable, obtain such harvested production from Peach Producer's Picking Records, packing house records, processor records, and so forth.
	Important: When packing house/processor records list harvested production in boxes, baskets, pounds, bins, and so forth, convert such production to 50 lb. bushel equivalents for claims purposes.

Element/Item Number	Standard						
57-60b.	Make no entry.						
62. Prod. Not to Count	Net production not to count in bushels, rounded to tenths, when acceptable records identifying such production are available, from harvested acreage which has been assessed an appraisal of not less than the guarantee per acre, or from other sources (e.g., other units or uninsured acreage).						
	This entry must never exceed production shown on the same line.						
	Reminder: Explain any "Production Not to Count" in the Narrative.						
63. Production Pre-QA	Result of subtracting column 62 from column 61, in bushels to tenths.						
64a. Value	Make the following entries in dollars and cents per bushel.						
	 (a) For harvested production that is eligible for QA, enter the fresh or processing price for such damaged production minus the post- production cost from the SP. 						
	Reminder : Refer to paragraph 27 or 28, as applicable, for information on prices for damaged peaches. Identify source of such price in the Narrative.						
	(b) For harvested production without QA, make no entry.						
64b.Market Price	Make the following entries in dollars and cents per bushel.						
	(a) For harvested production with QA , enter the fresh or processing price election, as applicable.						
	Important : Use the "Established Price" from the actuarial documents as the price election for buy up and CAT insureds.						
	(b) For harvested production without QA, make no entry.						

Element/Item Number	Standard
65. Quality Factor	Make the following percent entries as a three-place decimal not to exceed 1.000.
	(a) For harvested production with QA: Column 64a divided by column 64b, rounded to three decimal places; or
	(b) For destruction orders: In accordance with section 15(j) of the BP, if due to insured causes, a Federal or State agency has ordered the appraised crop or production to be destroyed, enter the factor "0.000;"
	 Instruct insured to complete and submit a Certification Form stating the date crop or production was destroyed and method of destruction (refer to item 40 and the Narrative below);
	(2) Refer to LAM for additional information.
	(c) If no QA, make no entry.
66. Production to	If entry in column 65, enter the result of multiplying column 63 by
Count	column 65, in bushels, rounded to tenths.
	If no entry in column 65, transfer the entry from column 63.
67. Total	Total of column 63 entries, in bushels to tenths.
	If no entry in column 63, make no entry.
68. Section II Total	Total of column 66 entries, results in bushels, to tenths.
69. Section I Total	Transfer entry from column 38 total.
70. Unit Total	Total of item 68 and item 69, in bushels to tenths.
71. Allocated Prod.	Enter the total production, in bushels, rounded to tenths, allocated to this unit that is included in sections I or II of the PW. Document how allocated production was determined and record supporting calculations in the Narrative or on a Special Report.
	Refer to the LAM for instructions for determining allocated production.
72. Total APH Prod	Make the following entries, in bushels to tenths:
	(a) When there are entries in column 37 and/or item 71: Subtract the total of column 37 (item 42) and item 71 from item 70.
	(b) When there are no entries in column 37 and item 71: Transfer the entry from item 70.
	Note : Make no entry when separate APH yields are maintained by type, practice, etc., within the unit.

Element/Item Number	Standard							
The following required entries are not illustrated on the PW examples below.								
73. Insured's Signature and Date	and Date before obtaining the insured's signature, review all entries on the PW with the insured or insured's authorized representative, particularly explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood.							
74. Adjuster's Signature, Code #, and Date	 Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line. Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster's code number only. The signature and date will be entered after the absentee has signed and returned the PW. Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line. 							
75. Page Numbers	Preliminary: Page numbers - "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.Final: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).							

										PF	RODUC	TION	WOR	KSHE	EТ								
1. Cro	Crop/Code#:2. Unit #3. Location Description			on 7	7. Company Any Company							8. Name of Insured											
									Agency	y _		Any	Agency						I. M. In	annad			
Pe	aches/0	034	0001-	0001B	BU	SW1-96.	N-30V	V								9. Claim	#		1. M. 11		Vear		
4. Dat	e(s) of Da	amage	M	ay 11												9. Claim		XXXX	11. Crop Year <i>YYYY</i>				
	se(s) of I	U		iy 11 Tail								_				10. Policy #							
	red Caus	0		00%								_				14. Date(s		st	2n			inal	
12. Ad	litional U	nits														Notice of I	/	MM/DD/Y				MM/DI)/YYYY
13. Est	Prod. Pe	r Acre														15. Comp							
SECT	ION I –	DETER	MINEI) ACR	REAGE A	PPRAI	SED. F	RODU	CTION A	AND A	DJUSTN	IENTS											
	CTUAR						<u>, 12, 1</u>	110200		11 (12) 11						B. POTE	NTIAL Y	TELD					
			Ι.				L								T		32a.			1	I		
16.	17.	18.	1	9	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32b.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.
																	Moisture						
	Multi-	D 1			*								. ·		TT O	Appraised	9∕0 Price of	Shell %,	Production		D 1	** .	T 1 1
Field ID	Crop	Reported Acres	Detern	mined	Interest or Share	Risk	Туре	Class	Sub- Class	Intended Use	Irr Practice	Cropping Practice	Organic Practice	Stage	Use of Acres	Potential	Damaged.	Factor, or		Quality Factor	Production Post QA	Unins. Causes	Total to Count
ш	Code	Acres		105	Share				Class	030	Tactice	Thethee	Tacuce		Acies		Factor	Value		1 40101	1031 QA	Causes	Count
																	Price Election						
A-1	NS		11	0.0	1.000		107							UH	UH	66.5	7.81		665.0	0.406	270.0		270.0
	110		10		1.000		107									00	19.25		005.0	0.100	270.0		270.0
A-2	<mark>NS</mark>		15	5.0	1.000		<u>107</u>							UH	UH	63.7			955.5		955.5		955.5
A-3	<mark>NS</mark>		12	2.5	1.000		<u>107</u>							UH	UH	39.9		_	498.8		498.8		<i>498.8</i>
A-4	<mark>NS</mark>		8.	.5	1.000		<u>107</u>							H	H			_					
					40. Qua	lity: TW [⊐ KD	🗆 Afla	itoxin 🗆	Vomito	xin 🗆 Fi	umonisin	□ Garli	cky 🗆	Dark Ro	ast 🗆							
	39	9. TOTAL	46	5.0		rotinia 🗆										_	42	. TOTALS	2,119.3		1,724.3		1,724.3
									A, State or	other he	ealth organ	ization m	axımum li	imits?	Yes 🗆								
NARR	ATIVE	(If more	space is	neede	ed, attach	a Special	Repoi	t)	\$14	.81/bu.	(Price of	^c Damage	ed Peach	es) – \$1	7.00/bu.	(Post-Produc	ction Cos	t) = \$7.81	(item 32 a.	entry).			
SECT	ION II -	– DETEF	RMINE	D HA	RVESTE	D PROI	DUCT	ION															
43. Da	e Harves	t Complete	ed			44. Dama	ige sim	ilar to oth	er farms in	n the are	a?		45. A	ssignme	nt of Inde	emnity			46. Transfe	r of Right	to Indemnity	?	
		MM/DD/						Yes							Yes		X			Yes	No	X	
	EASUR	EMENT	S		1	B. GROS	SS PR	ODUCT	ION	C.						RODUCTIO	N						
47a.	48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	5		58a.	59a.		50a.	61.	62.	6	3.	64a.	- 65		66.
47b. Share								-				58b.	59b.		50b.					64b.			
Share	Multi-	Length			Deduc-	Net	Conve	Gross	Bu. Ton	Sh	ell/ F	M %	Moistur %	e Te	st Wt.	Adjusted	Prod not	tto Drod	uction	Value	Qual	ity D	roduction
Field II	Crop	or	Width	Depth	tion	Cubic	-sion	Drod		Su	gar —					Production	Count		-OA		Èact		to Count
	Code	Diameter				Feet	Factor		CWT	Fa	ctor F	actor	Factor	F	actor					Mkt. Price	•		
	NS	Acme	Peach	Сотр	<i>any</i>				1,380	0						1,380.0		17	80.0				1.380.0
		A	nytown	, State	e				1,300							1,380.0		,					,
																	67. TOT	AL 1,3	80.0	68.	Section II		1,380.0
69. Section I Total									1,724.3														
For Illustration Purposes Only 70. Unit Total This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.) 71. Allocated Prod.									3,104.3														
				Th	us form	exampl	e does	not illu	istrate a	all req	uired en	try iten	ns (e.g.,	signat	ures, e	tc.)					Allocated I		2101 2
																				12.	Total APH I	roa.	<mark>3104.3</mark>

Verify and/or make the following entries for each worksheet element/item number. A completed worksheet example is at the end of this exhibit.

- (1) The adjuster should explain to the insured that use of this form is optional.
- (2) Use this form in lieu of; or, in conjunction with packer/processor records to document the amount of harvested peach production, as applicable.
- (3) Convert any harvested production measured in bins, containers, or other units of measure to bushels (1 bushel = 50 pounds of ungraded peaches).
- (4) Document the amount of gross harvested production in bushels rounded to tenths from each FN, orchard, sub-orchard, plot, block, etc., for each peach variety on the insured unit acreage, as applicable.
- (5) Adjuster should instruct the insured to complete items 1 through 12 and 17 through 19. The adjuster should complete items 13 through 17 and 20 through 23.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
1.	Insured's Name	Name of insured that identifies exactly the person (legal entity)
		to whom the policy is issued.
2.	Policy Number	Insured's assigned policy number.
3.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year as defined in the policy for which the claim is filed.
4.	County	County in which the insured acreage is located.
5.	Line No.	Make no entry, the line number is pre-printed on the worksheet.
6.	Unit No.	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage verified to be correct.
7.	FSA FN	Farm number for the unit as recorded at the county FSA office at the acreage reporting date.
8.	Farm Name or Block No.	Symbol, name, or farm number that describes the applicable harvested acreage in the unit.
9.	Variety	Name of the variety being harvested. Varieties listed here should correspond to varieties listed on the Summary of Coverage.
10.	Acres	Acres rounded to tenths for the variety being harvested.
11.	Pick Date	Date variety is harvested in MM/DD/YYYY format. Enter the date of the 1st picking on the first line, date of the 2nd picking on the 2nd line, and so forth.
12.	No. Bushels	Number of bushels rounded to tenths, harvested from the acreage.
13.	Qual. Adj.	 (a) Insured leaves items 13 through 17 blank. (b) The adjuster enters "Vee" or "Ne" indicating if there is
		(b) The adjuster enters "Yes" or "No" indicating if there is any QA for the applicable picking.

Form	Standards -	Peach	Producer's	Picking	Records ((Continued))
							<i>'</i>

	Element/Item Number	Standard
14.	Cause	Name of insured cause of loss for this crop as listed in the
		LAM. If an insured cause of loss is coded as "Other," explain
		in the Remarks.
15.	Mkt. Value	Market value in dollars and cents per bushel, if applicable.
		Identify source of market value in the Remarks.
16.	Other	"Other" block can be used to record pertinent information for
		each picking. Be sure to explain entries here in the Remarks.
17.	Total Bushels	Total bushels, to tenths in column 12.
		Reminder: Transfer the total amount of harvested production for each variety to section II, item "56 – Bu., Ton, Lbs., CWT." on the Production Worksheet.
18.	Remarks	(a) Document any pertinent information about harvested production.
		(b) Identify source of market prices.
		(c) Explain any unusual entries.
	The following requi	red entries are not illustrated on the form example.
19.	Insured's Signature	(a) Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature.
		(b) Before obtaining the insured's signature, review all entries on the form with the insured or insured's authorized
		representative, particularly explaining codes that may not be readily understood.
20.	Date	Date of insured's signature
21.	Adjuster's Signature	(a) Adjuster's signature signed after the insured (or insured's
	5 0	authorized representative) has signed. For absentee
		insured, enter adjuster's code number only.
		(b) The signature and date will be entered after the absentee has signed and returned the form.
22.	Code No.	Adjuster's code number.
23.	Date	Date the adjuster signs the form.
24.	Page	Page numbers.
		Example : Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.

1. IN	ISURED'S N	IAME	I. M. Insu	red		3. CR0	OP YEAR	J	YYYY								
2. P	OLICY NUM	IBER				4. CO	4. COUNTY										
	1 . 11		XXXXXX					1	ANY	OFFICE US							
Tob	e completed t	by insured	each harvest Farm	date.						OFFICE US	EONLY						
Line No. 5	Unit No. 6	FSA FN 7	Number or Block No. 8	Variety 9	Acres 10	Pick Date 11	No. Bushels 12	Qual. Adj. 13	Cause 14	Mkt. Value 15	Other 16						
1	0001- 0003BU	A-42	A-3	Juneprince	8.5	MM/DD	710.0	Yes	Hail	\$8.00							
2	0001- 0003BU	A-42	A-3	Juneprince	8.5	MM/DD	770.0	Yes	Hail	\$8.00							
3	0001- 0003BU	A-42	A-3	Juneprince	8.5	MM/DD	820.0	Yes	Hail	\$8.00							
4	UI	A-42	A-4	Juneprince	5.0	MM/DD	85.0	No									
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	
11																	
12																	
13																	
14																	
15																	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	
	1		I	<u> </u>	17. Tot	al Bushels	2,385.0			1	1						

COMPANY NAME PEACH PRODUCER'S PICKING RECORDS

85.0 bushels production not to count from block A-4, uninsured acreage.

For Illustration Purposes Only This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, etc.)

Average Diameter of Fruit in Inches*	Number of Fruit per Pound	Number of Fruit per Bushel					
1¾	5.08	254					
2	4.32	216					
21⁄4	3.52	176					
21/2	2.80	140					
23/4	2.40	120					
3	2.00	100					
31/4	1.68	84					
31/2	1.64	82					

*Diameter is the widest distance when measured through the center of the peach at right angles to a line running from the stem to the blossom end.

Important: Use this table to determine number of fruit per pound for peach appraisals only. Do not use this table to determine the number of fruit per pound for the immature peach appraisal deviation. Determine the number of peaches per pound for the immature peach appraisal deviation as described in section 14.

Trees Per Acre

									DIS	TAN	ICE 1	BET	WEF	EN R	OWS	5 (IN	FEE	CT)									
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
	10	436	396	363	335	311	290	272	256	242	229	218	207	198	189	182	174	168	161	156	150	145	141	136	132	128	124
	11		360	330	305	283	264	248	233	220	208	198	189	180	172	165	158	152	147	141	137	132	128	124	120	116	113
	12			303	279	259	242	227	214	202	191	182	173	165		151	145	140	134	130	125	121	117	113	110	107	104
	13				258	239	223	209	197	186	176	168	160	152	146	140	134	129	124	120	116	112	108	105	102	99	96
FEET)	14					222	207	194	183	173	164	156	148	141	135	130	124	120	115	111	107	104	100	97	94	92	89
E	15						194	182	171	161	153	145	138	132	126		116	112	108	104	100	97	94	91	88	85	83
	16							170	160	151	143	136	130	124		113	109	105	101	97	94	91	88	85	83	80	78
(IN	17								151	142	135	128	122	116	111	107	102	99	95	92	88	85	83	80	78	75	73
E	18									134	127	121	115	110	105	101	97	93	90	86	83	81	78	76	73	71	69
TREES	19										121	115	109	104	100	96	92	88	85	82	79	76	74	72	69	67	66
L	20											109	104	99	95	91	87	84	81	78	75	73	70	68	66	64	62
Z	21												99	94 90	90	86	83	80	77	74	72	69	67	65	63	<u>61</u>	59 57
E	22													90	86 82	83	79	76 73	73 70	71	68	66	64	62 50	60 57	58	57 54
A	23														82	79 76	76 73	70	70 67	68 65	65 63	63 61	61 59	59 57	57 55	56 53	54
BETWEEN	24 25															/0	70	67	65	62	60 60	58	59 56	57 54	55 53	55 51	52 50
	25 26																70	64	62	60	58	56	54	52	51	49	48
CE	20 27																	04	60	58	56	54	52	50	<u>49</u>	47	46
Ž	27																		00	56	54	52	50	49	47	46	44
DISTANCE	20 29																			50	52	50	48	47	46	44	43
SI	30																				0-	48	47	45	44	43	41
	31																						45	44	43	41	40
	32																							43	41	40	39
	33																								40	39	38
	34																								-	38	37
	35																										36

For spacing not shown on this chart: Multiply the distance between trees (nearest tenth of a foot) times the distance between rows (nearest tenth of a foot) and divide the result into 43,560 (round to the nearest whole number).

Example: 6.5 ft. x 10.0 ft. = 65.0 sq. ft., then $43,560 \div 65.0$ equals 670 trees per acre. Refer to the LAM for information on how to calculate the number of trees per acre.

November 2020

Insurability Requirements by Year of Set Out

The CP state that peach acreage is insurable when trees reach the 4th growing season (crop year) after set out. The CIH splits the year of set out by planting dates. For trees planted before July 1, the set out year is the year of planting. For trees planted on or after July 1, the set out year is the following calendar year. Determine the month, day, and year trees are set out from the pre-acceptance inspection, self-certification reports, block production worksheets, etc. Use the table below to identify the crop year such trees are insurable.

Year Trees are Set Out	Year Insurable When Trees are Planted Before July 1 in Year of Set Out	Year Insurable When Trees are Planted July 1 or Later in Year of Set Out						
2016	2019	2020						
2017	2020	2021						
2018	2021	2022						
2019	2022	2023						
2020	2023	2024						
2021	2024	2025						
2022	2025	<mark>2026</mark>						
2023	2026	2027						
2024	2027	2028						
2025	2028	2029						
2026	<mark>2029</mark>	<mark>2030</mark>						
2027	<mark>2030</mark>	2031						
2028	2031	2032						
2029	2032	2033						
2030	2033	2034						
2031	<mark>2034</mark>	2035						
2032	2035	2036						
2033	2036	2037						
2034	2037	2038						
2035	2038	2039						
2036	<mark>2039</mark>	<mark>2040</mark>						

Minimum Representative Sample Requirements

Acres in Orchard/Suborchard/Block	Minimum Number of Samples						
0.1 - 10.0	The lesser of 5 trees or 5% of the number of						
0.1 - 10.0	trees.						
One additional tree is required for each additional 10.0 acres (or fraction thereof) in the orchard,							
suborchard, or block.							