| Yield <br> Type | Description | Valid Yield ${ }^{2}$ | Acres | Min | Max | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Actual Yield | > or $=$ zero | > zero | 1 | 10 | Can be combined with up to 9 years of any yield type other than S for a minimum of 4 years. ${ }^{1}$ |
| B | Assigned Yield for Pecans Only | > zero | = zero | 4 | 4 | Insured with less than 4 years actual records. No combination allowed. No previous approved yield. |
| C | Special T Yield for added practice, type, or variety | T Yield * 0.80, 0.90, 1.00 | = zero | 2 | 4 | Can be succeeded by 1 or 2 years of yield type $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{J}$, or P for a total of 4 years. |
| E | 80\% of T Yield | T Yield * 0.80 | = zero | 3 | 3/4 | Must be succeeded by only 1 year of yield types A, J, or P. If yield indicator equals $L$ can have 4 years of yield type E. |
| F | FCIC RSO assigned yield | > zero | = zero | 1 | 4 | Can be succeeded by 1,2 , or 3 years of yield type A, J, or $P$ for a total of 4 years. |
| H | Special T Yield for new producer | T Yield * 1.10 | = zero | 1 | 4 | 1,2 , or 3 years reported can be succeeded by A or J yield types. H's not allowed when more than 4 years are reported and not allowed in year 10, 1998. |
| I | Special T Yield for new producer | T Yield | = zero | 2 | 4 | 2 or 3 years reported can be succeeded by A or J yield types. No I with 3 A's. I's not allowed when more than 4 years are reported. |
| J | Temporary Actual Yield | $>$ or $=$ zero | > zero | 1 | 1 | Can only be in year 10 when year 10 equals current year minus 1 , except crops with a lag year, current year minus 2. Must be preceded by 3 to 9 years of any other yield type other than $S$ for a minimum of 4 years. ${ }^{1}$ |
| L | Special T Yield for added land | $\begin{aligned} & \text { > zero } \\ & \text { T Yield } * 0.80,0.90,1.00 \end{aligned}$ | = zero | 2 | 4 | Can be succeeded by 1 or 2 years of yield type A, J, or P for a total of 4 years. |


| Yield <br> Type | Description | Valid Yield | Acres | Min | Max | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | 90\% of T Yield | T Yield * 0.90 | = zero | 2 | $2 / 3$ | Must be suceeded by 2 years with yield types of A, J, or P for a total of 4 years. If yield indicator equals $L$ can have 3 years of N with 1 year of yield types A, J, or P. |
| P | $75 \%$ of previous approved yield | Previous approved yield * 0.75 (round) * NCS yield factor (round) | > zero | 1 | 10 | Previous approved yield required for P . Can be combined with up to 9 years of any yield type other than $S$ for a minimum of 4 years. ${ }^{1}$ |
| R | Replicated Annual Yield (Dry Beans \& Sugar Beets Only) | $>$ or $=$ zero | > zero | 1 | 10 | Can be combined with up to 9 years of any yield type other than S for a minimum of 4 years. |
| S | 65\% of T Yield | T Yield * 0.65 | = zero | 4 | 4 | Insured with no records. No combinational allowed, other than Z. No previous approved yield, if all S's. |
| T | Transitional Yield | T Yield | = zero | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 2 / \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Must be succeeded by 3 years of yield type A, J, or P for a total of 4 years. If yield indicator, field 21, equals L, can have 1 or 2 years of yield type T with 2 or 3 years of yield type A , J , or P for a total of 4 years. |


| Yield <br> Type | Description | Valid Yield | Acres | Min | Max | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X | $80 \%$ of T Yield | T Yield * 0.80 | $=$ zero | 4 | 4 | New insured with fed <br> production and no records. <br> No combination allowed <br> other than Z. Cannot have <br> an X in 1997. This program <br> is not available in 1998. |
| Z | Zero Acres Planted <br> (For Category C, with RSO <br> approval only) | =zero | =zero | 1 | 6 | Can be combined with up to <br> 4 to 9 years of any yield type. <br> Any other yield type, cannot <br> precede a blank. |
| Blank | No Yield | =zero | zero | 1 | 6 | Can be combined with up to <br> 4 to 9 years of any yield type. <br> Any other yield type, cannot <br> precede a blank. |

${ }^{1}$ Apples \& Peaches require only 5 years.
${ }^{2} \mathrm{~T}$ Yield from ADMY.

## Valid Yield Types by Crop Category

Category B Crops:
A, C, E, F, H, I, J, L, N, P, R, S, T, X, Z, and Blank
H- only applicable to database years 1997 and prior

Category C Crops:
A, B, C, E, F, J, N, P, S, T, Z, and Blank

Note: Annual Yields 1-10 must be in whole dollars for Avocados and Pecans.

Only valid yield types for California Avocados are: A, F \& P
Only valid yield types for Florida Avocados are: A, C, E, F , I, J, L, N, P, S, T, Z and Blank.
Only valid types for Pecans are: As, As \& 1J or 4Bs.

## YIELD LIMITATION EDITS CAPS - CUPS - FLOORS

CAPS - CUPS - FLOORS DO NOT APPLY TO IP
Y ield Limitation is cal culated by line database.
If the $Y$ ield Limitation flag equals:

## 1 A verage A PH yield applies

A verage APH yield falls between the cap and cup
There must be a previous approved yield
To cal cul ate the A verage A PH yield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>0$

Calculate the cup: Previous approved yield *. 9
Calculate the cap: Previous approved yield * 120

## CAPS - CUPS

## CAPS \&CUPS REQUIRE A PREVIOUS APPROVED YIELD

If Y ield Limitation flag equals:

## 2 Capped yield applies

The A verage APH Y ield is greater than the Y ield Limitation Cap
To calculate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>0$

Calculate the CA P: Previous approved yield *120

## 3. Cupped yield applies *

The A verage APH Y ield is less than the cupped yield.
To calculate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>$.

Calculate the Cup: Previous approved yield *. 9
*IF YIELD LIMITATION FLAG =3 THE TYPE 11RECORD MUST HAVEA‘ Y' IN THE PREMIUM RATE SURCHARGE FIELD (FLD. 42) AND A 5\%SURCHARGE IS APPLIED TO YIELD-SPAN AND NON YIELD-SPAN CROPS (CATEGORY B AND THE FOLLOWING CATEGORY C CROPS: 0023, 0028, 0029, $0036,0052,0033,0058,0000,0089,0022,0201,0027,008,0019,020,027$, 002,023
(PREMIUM RATE SURCHARGE FOR A CUPPED YIELD DOES NOT APPLY TO: $0012,0034, \& 00544$.

## NO YIELD LIMITATION APPLIES

FOR THIS YIELD LIMITATION FLAG THE AVERAGE APH YIELD MUST BE GREATER THAN THE YIELD CAP OR LESS THAN THE YIELDCUP

If the Y ield Limitation flag equals:
4. A verage A PH yield applies

Cap/Cup do not apply
If there is a Previous A pproved yield calculate the Cap/Cup
Calculate the Cup: Previous approved yield *. 9
Calculate the Cap: Previous approved yield * 120
If there is no Previous A pproved yield calculate the A verage A PH yield only
To calculate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>0$

## YIELD FLOORS

THERE MUST BE AT LEAST 1YEAR IN THE DATABASE WITH AN ACTUAL YIELD TO QUALIFY FOR A YIELD FLOOR

A YIELD FLOOR CAN ONLY BE DETERMINED IF THERE IS A TRANSITIONAL YIELD $>0$
YIELD FLOORS DO NOT APPLY TO‘ CAT’ COVERAGE
IF THE YIELD IS FLOORED FOR YIELD SPAN CROPS (CATEGORY B)THE TYPE 11 RECORD MUST HAVE THE RATE CLASSIFICATION AND THE RATE FOR THE AVERAGE APH YIELD. FOR NON YIELD SPAN CROPS THE TYPE 11RECORD MUST HAVEA' Y' IN THE PREMIUM RATE SURCHARGE FIELD (FLD. 42) AND A 5\% SURCHARGE IS APPLIED TO THE PREMIUM CALCULATION. PREMIUM RATE SURCHARGE DOES NOT APPLY TO: 0012, 0034\&0054.

YIELD FLOOR =TRANSITIONAL YIELD * YIELD FLOOR PERCENT

| YEARS OF ACTUAL YIELDS | YIELD FLOOR PERCENT | FN OPTION (NEW)* | FO OPTION (NEW)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 YEAR | 70\% | 80\% | 90\% |
| 2TO 4YEARS | 万\% | 85\% | 95\% |
| 50R M ORE YEARS | 80\% | 90\% | 100\% |

*These options are only available on 1999 Spring Wheat and Barley in M innesota, North Dakota and South Dakota.

If the Y ield Limitation flag equals:
5. The Y ield Floor applies

The Y ield Floor is greater than the A verage A PH yield
The A verage A PH yield falls between the Cap and Cup
There is a previous approved yield
There is an applicable T/yield $>0$
To calculate the A verage A PH yield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields and acres $>0$

Cal culate the Y ield Floor: Tyield * applicable percent based on the number of years of records the insured has provided.

## YIELD FLOORS CONTINUED:

If the Y ield Limitation Flag equals:

## 6. Y ield floor applies

Y ield Floor is greater than the capped yield
There is a previous approved yield
There is a Tyield $>0$
To calculate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>$

Calculate the Cap: Previous approved yield * 120
C alculate the Y ield Floor: Tyld * applicable percent based on the number of years of actual records the insured has provided

## 7. Yield Floor applies

Y ield Floor is greater than the cupped yield
There is a previous approved yield
There is a Tyield $\gg$
To cal culate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>0$

Calculate the yield Cup: Previous approved yield * . 9
C alculate the Y ield Floor: Tyld * applicable percent based on the number of years of actual records the insured has provided

## 8. Yield Floor applies

The $Y$ ield Floor is greater than the A verage APH Y ield
There is a previous approved yield but Cap/Cup do not apply: OR
There is no Previous approved yield
There is a Tyld $>0$
To calculate the A verage A PH Y ield:
Sum all annual yields - Divide by the number of years in the database that have yields or acres $>0$

Calculate the Y ield Floor: Tyld * applicable percent based on the number of years of actual records the insured has provided

## T15EDIT FOR ADDED LAND - P/TN

If the database contains a yield type of " C " or "L" for any annual yield field, then a special T/yield is based on a reference unit, for the crop in the county, that contains the greatest number of actual yields ( $A^{\prime} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{J}$ ' s or $\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ ). The reference unit cannot contain a " C " or " L ".

The Type 15 record must contain the number of actual yields ( $001-010$ ) in field 70 that is used to calculate the special T/yield.

## TO CALCULATE THE SPECIAL T $/$ IELD FROM THE REFERENCE UNIT:

If the record with the greatest number of actual and/or assigned yields has
(1) actual or assigned yield

Then multiply the T/yield by .80
the result must equal the annual yield submitted.
(2yrs) actual or assigned yields
Then multiply the T/y yld by .90
The result must equal the annual yield.
( $3+\mathrm{yrs}$ ) actual or assigned yields
Then multiply the T/yld by . 100
The result must equal the annual yield

A ny yield type of "C" or "L" must have an annual yield equal to one of the above percentages.
After the Special T/yield has been determined calculate the approved yield by adding all of the yields in the database by the number of years containing yield types other than " $Z$ ".

## Determine the Y ield Limitation flag by the following method:

If there is a previous approved yield calculate the "CAP" and "CUP":
The cup for the record =
Previous A pproved yield *. 9
The cap for the record =
Previous A pproved yield * 120
Table results of these calculations

Calculate the yield floor
Y ield floor $=$ T yld * applicable \%
for the number of actual and/or
assigned yields in the reference unit.
(1) actual or assigned yield

Then multiply the T/yld by .70
The result must equal the approved yield if yield floor is applicable.
(2-4yrs) actual or assigned yields
Then multiply the T/yld by . 75
The result must be equal to the approved yield if the yield floor is applicable.
( $5+\mathrm{yrs}$ ) actual or assigned yields
Then multiply the T/yld by .80
The result must equal the approved yield if the yield floor is applicable.
Table results of yield floor calculation
Edit for correct yield limitation flag.
See M-13yield limitation requirements.

## YIELD INDICATORS

FCIC RSO ASSIGNED YIELD (YIELD INDICATOR =' F')
This yield has been assigned by an RSO and cannot be validated.
LAG YEAR PLANTED FOR CROP $0038\left(Y\right.$ IELD INDICATOR =' $\left.L^{\prime}\right)$
MASTER YIELD (YIELD INDICATOR =' M')
This yield has been assigned by someone and cannot be validated.
TRANSITIONAL YIELD (FIELD Z) =A verage of two or more Map A rea T-yields. Not found on ADM. (Y ield indicator =' W').

BLANK =NOT APPLICABLE
$\square$
December 1999 Exhibit 15-3

FCIC-M13

## MAXIMUM YIELDS ALLOWED

FOR PLAN CODES 84, 86 AND 90:

- A WARNING MESSAGE WILL BE ISSUED WHEN THE APPROVED OR ANY ANNUAL YIELD EXCEEDS THE DISTRICT AVERAGE YIELD, (IF GREATER THAN ZERO) BY A FACTOR OF 3.5.
- THE RECORD WILL BE REJECTED IF THE APPROVED OR ANY ANNUAL YIELD EXCEEDS THE DISTRICT AVERAGE YIELD, (IF GREATER THAN ZERO) BY A FACTOR OF 5.0.
- COMPANIES ARE TO REVIEW THE RECORD WHEN EITHER A WARNING MESSAGE IS ISSUED OR IF THE RECORD IS REJECTED.
- IF IT IS DETERMINED THE YIELD IS CORRECT, ENTER A "Y" IN FIELD 69 AND RESUBMIT THE POLICY. THE RECORD WILL BE ACCEPTED, WITHOUT A WARNING MESSAGE, AND WILL BE IDENTIFIED THAT THE COMPANY VERIFIED AND APPROVED THE YIELD.

| December 1999 | Exhibit 15-4 | FCIC-M13 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |

## Crops Requiring a Type 15 (Yield) Record

| Plan Code | Crop Code | Crop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25-Revenue Assurance | 0041 | Corn |
|  | 0081 | Soybeans |
| 86-Tobacco-GYC | 0232 | Tobacco |
|  | 0234 | Tobacco |
|  | 0235 | Tobacco |
| 41-Dollar Amount of Insurance | 0020 | Pecans |
| 42-Income Protection | 0011 | Wheat |
|  | 0021 | Cotton |
|  | 0041 | Corn |
|  | 0051 | Grain Sorghum |
|  | 0081 | Soybeans |
|  | 0091 | Barley |
| 45-Income Protection Indexed | 0041 | Corn |
|  | 0081 | Soybeans |
| 44-Crop Revenue Coverage | 0011 | Wheat |
|  | 0018 | Rice |
|  | 0021 | Cotton |
|  | 0041 | Corn |
|  | 0051 | Grain Sorghum |
|  | 0081 | Soybeans |
| 46-Dollar Amount of Insur. | 0019 | Avocados |
| 84 - GYC Crops | 0039 | Sugar Beets |
|  | 0053 | Grapes |
|  | 0084 | Potatoes |


| December 1999 | Exhibit 15-4 | FCIC-M13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Plan Code | Crop Code and Crop |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 86 - GYC Crops | 0054 Apples | 0046 Processing Beans |
|  | 0047 Dry Beans | 0012 Blueberries |
|  | 0201 Grapefruit | 0202 Lemons |
|  | 0205 Kinnow Mandarins | 0206 Minneola Tangelos |
|  | 0215 Navel Oranges | 0216 Sweet Oranges |
|  | 0217 Valencia Oranges | 0237 Orlando Oranges |
|  | 0224 E\&M Oranges | 0225 Late Oranges |
|  | 0226 All/O Grapefruit | 0228 Ruby Red Grapefruit |
|  | 0238 Rio Red\&Star Ruby | 0060 Dry Figs |
|  | 0033 Forage Production | 0053 Grapes |
|  | 0052 Table Grapes | 0023 Macadamia Nuts |
|  | 0013 Onions | 0034 Peaches |
|  | 0089 Pears | 0067 Dry Peas |
|  | 0064 Green Peas | 0092 Plums |
|  | 0084 Potatoes | 0036 Prunes |
|  | 0218 Fresh Apricots | 0219 Processing Apricots |
|  | 0220 Fresh Nectarines | 0221 Proc Cling Peaches |
|  | 0222 Proc Freston Peaches | 0223 Fr Frestn Peaches |
|  | 0038 Sugarcane | 0086 FM\&GP Tomatoes |
|  | 0087 Proc Tomatoes | 0029 Walnuts |
|  | 0072 Cabbage | 0040 Watermelon |
|  | 0055 Cultivated Wild Rice |  |
| 90 - APH Crops | 0028 Almonds | 0091 Barley |
|  | 0047 Dry Beans | 0015 Canola |
|  | 0041 Corn | 0021 Cotton |
|  | 0022 ELS Cotton | 0058 Cranberries |
|  | 0031 Flax | 0033 Forage Production |
|  | 0017 Millet | 0051 Grain Sorghum |
|  | 0016 Oats | 0067 Dry Peas |
|  | 0043 Popcorn | 0084 Potatoes |
|  | 0018 Rice | 0094 Rye |
|  | 0049 Safflowers | 0081 Soybeans |
|  | 0039 Sugar Beets | 0038 Sugarcane |
|  | 0078 Sunflowers | 0042 C\&P Sweet Corn |
|  | 0085 Sweetpotatoes | 0087 Prc Tomatoes |
|  | 0011 Wheat | 0019 Avocados (Fl) |
|  | 0069 Mustard |  |
|  | 0068 Crambe |  |

## INDEXED INCOME PROTECTION YIELDS

Example 1: Producer's average yield is lower than the County average yield.

|  | Producer's <br> $\underline{\text { Year }}$ | $\underline{\text { Yield }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$| County |
| :--- |
| 1994 |


| County Average | - Producer's Average | $=$ | Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | - | 34 | $=5$ |

1999 Expected County Yield $=49(1998$ yield from Act. Table $)$

1999 Expected County Yield - Index = Approved $($ Indexed $)$ Yield
49 - $5=44$

Example 2: Producer's average yield is higher than the County average yield.

|  | Producer's | County <br> Year |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1994 | $\underline{\text { Yield }}$ | $\underline{\text { Yield }}$ |
| 1995 | 72 | 64 |
| 1996 | 71 | 63 |
| 1997 | 70 | 62 |
| 1998 | $\underline{69}$ | $\underline{62}$ |
|  | $355 / 5=$ | $315 / 5=$ |
| Average | $\mathbf{7 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ |

County Average - Producer's Average $=$ Index
$63-71=(-8)$

1999 Expected County Yield $=62(1998$ yield from Act. Table $)$

1999 Expected County Yield - Index = Approved (Indexed) Yield
$62-(-8)=70$

## INCOME PROTECTION YIELDS \& INDEXED INCOME PROTECTION YIELDS

If the database contains less than " 4 " actual yields, the county yield is determined by averaging the last 10 years of county yields. If you are sending plan code (42) enter the county average in field 35, position 269 of the type 11 record.

|  | Producer's | County |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Yield | Yield |
| 1993 | N-70 | 1989-69 |
| 1994 | N-70 | 1990-66 |
| 1995 | A-42 | 1991-56 |
| 1996 | Z-0 | 1992-77 |
| 1997 | Z-0 | 1993-53 |
| 1998 | A - 50 | 1994-56 |
|  | 232/4 = | 1995-70 |
| Average: | 58 | 1996-53 |
|  |  | 1997-64 |
|  |  | 1998-67 |
|  |  | $631 / 10=6$ |

Example 3: For Indexed IP
County Average - Producer's Average $=$ Index

```
    63 - 58 = 5
```

1999 Expected County Yield $=67(1998$ yield from Act. Table $)$

1999 Expected County Yield - Index = Approved $($ Indexed $)$ Yield
67 - 5 = 62

