

# Revenue Assurance

## Description of Coverage and Side-by-Side Comparison with Competing Revenue Products

### I. INTRODUCTION

The Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company (Iowa Farm Bureau) developed Revenue Assurance (RA) at the request of elected member representatives. RA is now administered by American Farm Bureau Insurance Services, Inc. RA protects a producer's crop revenue whenever low prices or low yields, or a combination of both, cause the crop revenue to fall below the guaranteed revenue level. RA is available for basic units, optional units, enterprise units, and whole-farm units.

### II. DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE

The coverage and exclusions of RA are similar to those for the standard Multiple Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI) policy. However, MPCI provides coverage for loss of production, whereas RA provides coverage to protect against loss of revenue caused by low prices or low yields or a combination of both.

Revenue Assurance has available the fall harvest price option, which uses the greater of the fall harvest price or the projected harvest price to determine the per-acre revenue guarantee.

The producer must select a coverage level percent for basic and optional units. The minimum allowable coverage level is 65 percent and the maximum allowable is 75 percent for basic and optional units, and 85 percent for whole-farm and enterprise units.

Projected harvest price - This price is used to determine the expected per-acre revenue.

- **For corn**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT) December corn futures contract.
- **For soybeans**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the CBOT November soybean futures contract.
- **For spring wheat**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the Minneapolis Grain Exchange (MGE) September hard red spring wheat futures contract. Note that durum wheat can be insured as hard red spring wheat.
- **For winter wheat** in Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio and Tennessee, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices from August 15 to September 14 for the following year CBOT July soft red winter wheat futures contract. For winter wheat in Arkansas, Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma and South Dakota, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices from August 15 to September 14 for the following year KCBT July hard red winter wheat futures contract.
- **For sunflowers**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the CBOT October soybean oil futures contract divided by two, then subtract one.
- **For feed barley**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the Winnipeg Commodity Exchange (WCE) October feed barley futures contract multiplied by 0.02177. This factor converts the WCE price from Canadian dollars per metric ton to Canadian dollars per bushel. To convert into U.S. dollars multiply the price in Canadian dollars per bushel by the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February on the September Canadian dollar futures contract on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange (MERC).
- **For canola**, the projected harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February for the WCE November canola futures contract divided by 2,205. This factor converts the WCE price from Canadian dollars per metric ton to Canadian dollars per pound. To convert into U.S. dollars multiply the price in Canadian dollars per pound by the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in February on the September Canadian dollar futures contract on the MERC.

The crop projected harvest price is used in determining the crop replant payment. The prevented planting payment is based on the per-acre revenue guarantee.

Crop revenues are measured by multiplying the production to count on the insured unit by the fall harvest price.

- For corn, the fall harvest price is the simple average of the final daily settlement prices in November for the CBOT December corn futures contract.
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Indemnity payments will be made after the fall harvest price and all of the production to count are determined. The fall harvest price will be released by August 5 for winter wheat, September 5 for feed barley and spring wheat, October 5 for sunflowers and canola, November 5 for soybeans, and December 5 for corn.

Indemnity payments for producers choosing the whole-farm unit will be made if the revenue (crop production to count times the crop fall harvest price times your respective share) at harvest from:

- Corn, soybeans, and spring wheat in Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, and South Dakota;
- Corn and soybeans in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Michigan;
- Corn, soybeans, spring wheat, sunflowers, canola/rapeseed, and feed barley in North Dakota;
- Canola/rapeseed, spring wheat, and feed barley in Idaho;

is less than the whole-farm revenue guarantee. (To qualify for a whole farm unit, the producer must have RA insurance coverage on all of the insurable acres of the above spring crops that he plants in the applicable state.) A whole farm unit is not available for winter wheat.

Replant payments will be made after the crop has been replanted and will be based on the projected harvest price.

### **III. COVERED AND EXCLUDED EVENTS**

The RA policy provides insurance protection for loss of revenue due to unavoidable causes of loss, including a decline in crop prices.

**IV. MARKET AVAILABILITY**

Revenue Assurance covers:

Corn, soybeans, and spring wheat in Minnesota;

Corn, soybeans, spring wheat and winter wheat in Colorado, Iowa, and South Dakota;

Corn, soybeans, and winter wheat in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Ohio, Michigan, and Indiana;

Corn and soybeans in Illinois;

Corn, soybeans, spring wheat, sunflowers, canola/rapeseed and feed barley in North Dakota;

Canola/rapeseed, spring wheat, winter wheat and feed barley in Idaho.

**V. SIDE BY SIDE COVERAGE COMPARISON**

Feature	Crop Revenue Coverage (CRC)	Income Protection (IP)	Revenue Assurance (RA)
Unit structure	Basic, Optional, and Enterprise	Enterprise unit (all acreage of the insured crop in the county in which the insured has an interest).	Basic, optional, enterprise, and whole farm. Whole farm coverage includes all of the spring RA crops in the county in which the insured has an interest. Whole farm unit does not extend to winter wheat.
Price reference for insurance guarantee	100 percent of the applicable base or harvest price (see Crop Provisions). Insurance guarantee may increase during the insurance period.	100 percent of projected price (see Crop Provisions).	100 percent of the CBOT/MGE/WCE/MERC/KCBT projected price (see Crop Provisions). Insurance guarantee may increase during the insurance period with fall harvest price option in effect.
Maximum upward price movement for insurance guarantee	\$1.50 per bushel for corn, \$3.00 for soybeans, and \$2.00 for wheat.	Not applicable.	None.
Coverage level percents	50 - 75 percent in 5 percent increments. 50 - 85 percent for certain crops in selected counties.	50 - 75 percent in 5 percent increments. 50 -85 percent for certain crops in selected counties.	65 - 75 percent for basic and optional units; 65 – 85 percent for whole-farm units and enterprise units.
Basis for insurance guarantee	Higher of: 1) minimum guarantee (APH yield x coverage level x base price x price percentage); or 2) harvest guarantee (APH yield x coverage level x harvest price x price percentage). Insurance guarantee may increase during the insurance period.	APH yield x coverage level x projected price (spring commodity price).	APH yield x coverage level x projected harvest price.  If fall harvest price option selected and fall harvest price is greater than projected harvest price: APH yield x coverage level x fall harvest price.
Rating	APH base rate x CRC base rate factor x low price factor x high price factor.	New rating model incorporating yield and price variability.	New rating model where yield variability is based on APH rates, and price variability based on CBOT/MGE/WCE/MERC/KCBT options contracts.
Eligibility for insureds with special rating:			
High Risk Land	Eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage	Eligible for coverage
Hail and fire exclusion	Not available	Not available	Not available

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Rating	APH base rate x CRC base rate factor x low price factor x high price factor.	New rating model incorporating yield and price variability.	New rating model where yield variability is based on APH rates, and price variability based on CBOT/MGE/WCE/MERC/KCBT options contracts.
Eligibility for insureds with special rating:			
High Risk Land	Eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage	Eligible for coverage
Hail and fire exclusion	Not available	Not available	Not available